

THE INDEPENDENT

W. F. TOBEY, Publisher and Proprietor

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EDUCATION IN CITIZENSHIP

The Hamilton Spectator, discussing the question of compulsory voting, expresses the opinion that there is a more satisfactory way of getting the people to express their will, namely, by more effective training in citizenship. The training should be begun in the elementary schools, in the opinion of the Spectator. "It is not enough to put the weapon of the franchise into the hands of the people; they should be instructed in its use. It is not something to be wielded in the interests of this or that faction, but a solemn obligation of service to the state."

We may all agree as to the utility of arming a people with a weapon and failing to instruct them as to its use. An army furnished with even the best equipment but left without training would soon become a rabble. But how are the people to be more effectively trained in citizenship? The Spectator's suggestion that the training should be begun in the elementary schools, is likely to call forth visions of shocking results from such an attempt. One can imagine the cry that would be raised by those who would detect at once an attempt to introduce party politics under the guise of instruction in citizenship. We know something of the objections that are raised to even moderate proposals for more effective religious instruction in the schools.

And yet, whatever the difficulties may be, the problem of the training of the people in the duties of citizenship is one of the most serious problems of democracy today. There was an idea at one time that the people would become instructed by their own efforts if they were simply given the right to vote. The idea was that the people would learn by doing; but it is just as easy to learn wrong ways as right ways, and sometimes it seems to be a good deal easier to learn the wrong ways. It seems useless to trust to election campaigns for valuable educational results. The atmosphere of an election campaign is not favorable for education. The efforts of the party politicians and the party papers tend to confuse rather than instruct. The problem is further complicated by the fact that a large number of people do not want to be instructed in the duties of citizenship during an election campaign.

They are content to vote for their party, already, and that it is to vote for their party, and they are likely to resent any effort at instruction that might tend to shake their faith in their party.

But because the problem is so difficult, it does not follow that it is to be abandoned in despair. The very fact that it is attracting serious attention is significant and encouraging.

HITTING BACK

The tide seems to be turning. For a long time now the men have had their own way as judges and critics and censors of women's dress; but they are not having it all to themselves any longer. Once in a while a woman is heard from in criticism of the way the men dress, and whether the men like it or not some of the criticism is terribly effective. For instance, a woman writing in a London paper describes the clothes which men wear as thick and heavy, inducing excessive perspiration and excluding air and sunlight. The long trousers collect mud and dust, the collars throttle the neck, the hats are hard and tight, inducing baldness, and the kidney-exposing waist-coats are ugly.

It is not quite so bad as that, of course. It is possible to hitch up the trousers or roll them up, and some men wear soft hats and soft collars, while all waist-coats are not ugly; but there is enough truth in the indictment to furnish women's why men should refrain from criticizing women's dress, and to improve their own outer coverings from the point of view of both convenience and beauty.

THE GAMBLE IN FARMING

It has often been said that there is a good deal of gamble in the occupation of the farmer; he is constantly at the mercy of the weather, market conditions and other things over which he has no control.

There is some truth in the saying, and an illustration is furnished by the Ontario apple crop this season. But a little while ago and the apple growers were congratulating themselves on one of the most abundant crops in years, and the Ontario agricultural department was preparing plans to assist in the profitable marketing of the fruit.

Then came the frost, and now the talk in many districts is of heavy loss and even ruin. But life itself is a good deal of a gamble for many people.

HIGHER EDUCATION

It is really remarkable what the higher education accomplishes for some people. A few days ago the students of Glasgow university, according to a news item, used up 20,000 rotten eggs and large quantities of decayed fruit and vegetables in a demonstration over the election of a rector.

One of the pressing needs of this age of economy has been the discovery of some way of preventing the total loss of eggs and fruits from the decay to which they are so liable without the violation of the pure food laws. It is to the credit of the higher education that it is able to offer at least one solution.

Notes and Comments On Current Events

(By PETER PETERKIN)

It is a matter of considerable satisfaction to the writer of these "Notes and Comments" to have his views regarding the attitude of the United States towards the League of Nations—previously expressed in these columns—thoroughly and completely confirmed by such a high authority as the Hon. Mr. Justice W. R. Riddell, in a recent speech delivered to the members of the Empire Club in Toronto, Chief Justice Lachlan, Mr. Justice Macdonald and Mr. Justice Middleton also expressed their concurrence with the opinions of their colleagues.

The Hon. Justice goes even further than the writer did in his condemnation of the attitude of the United States. The opening by the U. S. A. of the means of having peaceful methods prevail in international disputes was as startling as it was unexpected, and the feeling is widespread, "that the United States is taking a back seat and is again supporting the Empire Club in Toronto, Chief Justice Lachlan, Mr. Justice Macdonald and Mr. Justice Middleton also expressed their concurrence with the opinions of their colleagues."

Richard Washburn Child has done a great service to this Continent in particular and to the world in general by his series of articles in the Saturday Evening Post on "The Great American Scandal," "Laws to make Law-breaking." The picture he draws of conditions in this respect in the U. S. A. is indeed serious, as follows: "It is a silly parent who nags his children. It is a still sillier parent who relaxes authority, but the silliest of all parents is the one who does both. And if this is a weakness in the family, it is ten times a weakness in a Government."

"And yet it has become my conviction, after contact with those responsible for law enforcement all over the Country, that as a Nation we have undertaken the policy, not only of the silly parent who nags, not only of the parent who through folly or laziness or indulgence relaxes authority and discipline, but of that silliest of all parents who nags and hampers the children and then lets the naughty ones do a good deal as they please." No Nation in history, perhaps, has certainly no civilization today, has equalled our passion for law-making on the one hand, or paralleled our unpunished law-breaking on the other hand."

Contrast this undoubtedly true statement with the following letter, written by a citizen of Moscow, Idaho, to the Editor of Collier's National Weekly—which has been making a great feature of the terrible breakdown in the enforcement of the Volstead Prohibition Act. "The Canadian Northwest Mounted Police always get their men." "The Canadian courts are not corrupted by politics, privilege, or sentimentality. Justice is certain and swift." "As you rightly stated, in a recent issue of Collier's, where enforcement of law fails, respect for law is inevitably weak."

"Perhaps if our Government enforced some of the basic principles of the Constitution all this talk about the ineffectiveness of the eighteenth amendment would have no foundation for truth." "May be after 'Our Americanism' needs a bit of Canadianism. Such a letter, while it may for a moment make Canadianism feel proud, should also cause us to think for we unfortunately are backsliding in the direction of too many laws, and above all too restrictive personal laws, with which a great part of the population are not in sympathy, and this, if continued, will inevitably lead in the long run to a somewhat similar state to that of bitterly complaining the United States."

Montana, have begun to realize that heavy taxation has been laid on their backs by Judge Evans's so-called "Equalization of the Assessment Act." It is admitted that the principle followed was to take actual sales of properties small and big, near the city of Hamilton and remote from it, lump them together, take the average result per acre, and assess accordingly.

Under this system the average value of fruit farm and vegetable land below the mountains was found to be \$720, per acre, which might have been all right if the lands so assessed had been all small residential properties close to the city, but as it is some are practically city lots, and others are just farms of from 1 to 200 hundred acres, the owners of which are dependent on them for a living, whether they grow fruit, vegetables, grain, or stock, etc.

Now it appears to the writer that the only fair way of assessing such land is on the basis of its yearly average production per acre under normal management, with reasonable additions in individual cases, where the buildings are much beyond ordinary requirements, and that otherwise grave injustice is done the owner thereof. In other words purely residential properties where they occur should be assessed as such and others as suggested. Under the conditions prevailing at present and for nearly ten years back, it is the exceptional man who can make ends meet if he pays over \$400 per acre to his land.

In other parts of the fruit belt the assessment is made on a different and somewhat fairer basis, but the same problem exists, the great difference between the price small properties well-situated will bring for residential purposes, and the real value of the land for production purposes. During the past ten years profits from fruit-growing have greatly decreased, whereas expenses of all kinds—including taxes—have greatly increased, making it a hard problem for fruitgrowers to make a living at their legitimate business, yet they are barely striving to carry on and no unjust burdens should be laid upon them.

Bobby: "Can't I change my name today, Mr. Mother?" "What is the world do you want to change your name for?" Bobby: "Cause an old he'll whip me when he gets home, or else he'll name's Robert."

GOVERNMENT BY ORDER-IN-COUNCIL

Hamilton, Ont. Nov. 1, 1925.

To the Editor: I still regret the Election result was not more decisive, but am glad to see the opposition newspapers quote the majority seem to agree with the abandonment of the probable action of Mr. King, that he is in control until Parliament votes him out, in a not entirely contrary to constitutional procedure, although the wisdom of it may be doubted, in the interest of the Country or Party either.

To prevent a dead stand-still or worse, a retrograde result, we might tolerate in some extent, "Government by Order in Council" on non-contentious matters on a coalition basis.

To illustrate:—At the recent Session an Act was passed without much opposition, granting power to the Government, "By Order in Council," to declare an Embargo, or Export Duty on pulp-wood, and other of our raw materials and natural products, and as this is of so much more importance and immediate action to Canada, than either "National Unity," or "Imperial Preference," which would do much more for Canada's development, employment, prosperity, and wealth, than all the other questions usually dealt with at an ordinary Session, and perhaps more than justified the industry of the Senate, and bring such a better feeling, that real coalition might result.

Surely this would be much better than to continue doing nothing, and prepare us for a more friendly Election at an early date on Party issues. If all who agree with me, will write the House, and or write the Senate, it would greatly tend to hasten results, which everybody is praying for.

Yours truly W. G. DUNLOP

BRITISH EDITOR DRAWS GOOD PICTURE OF THIS DISTRICT

Best Telegraph Representative With Delegation Writes In Glowing Terms of Niagara Peninsula—Grimsby, Not Like English Namesake—One Fruit, Other Fish.

(St. Catharines Standard)

The Standard is in receipt of a copy of The Belfast Telegraph, a member of which staff accompanied the British editor on their trip to Canada during the summer. The copy contains a glowing picture of the Niagara Peninsula, with special emphasis on the development of the great power scheme at Niagara Falls. It is a splendid industrial boom all round for the district, but it is a matter of regret that the visitors were not prevented upon to spend a little more time in St. Catharines City itself. As it looks from the report in the Belfast paper, the party merely motored through this city.

The power development, however, was a revelation to the British visitors. Next to that came the wonders of the fruit belt and the remarkable prices at which, to British people, baskets of fruit were offered on the open market. Another amazing feature to the visitors was the good roads and the visitors on the Niagara Highway through this city.

An excerpt from the report may be of interest locally, as follows:

The subsequent drive through the fruit country was enjoyable, the night of mist of fields of peaches, apples, pears, grapes, tomatoes, etc., being proof of the fertility of the soil. A halt was made at the jam factory of Senator Smith, and the wine factory of the Canadian Grape Products, Ltd., where heavenly champagne and other liquids are made. Ontario is a dry state, except for 4.4 beer, but the making of wine for bulk sale is permitted. This particular firm from small beginnings has made enormous strides. The drive took us through the town of Grimsby which, unlike the English namesake, is a fruit and not a fish centre, and also through St. Catharines and Beamsville, across the Welland Canal, which connects Lake Ontario and Erie, and through which vessels of 350 feet long such as those built in Dorry for the Great Lakes Service come from Europe. A canal to the vessels up to 5,000 tons is now in course of construction, and there is already talk of the day when vessels

small ships, but for various reasons is not an economic proposition. The papers recorded on the day of our visit that a Swedish steamer had landed at Cleveland on Lake Erie for Western Europe.

The roads of Canada have been criticized so much that it is only fair to record that the highway from Toronto to Niagara was excellent and up to any main road in Ireland, asphalted or tar paved, for the entire route. The traffic was enormous, motor cars, chiefly returning to the States, being in almost endless procession. Official figures show that 500,000 motor cars from the States entered Canada at Niagara Falls during June, July and August. Most of these were owned by tourists and the consequent benefit to the Dominion this season has been 50 per cent. greater than in 1921. It was interesting to see the long lines of cars at the Niagara Bridge, awaiting Customs examination, which now seems to centre largely on searching for liquor and many are stories of smuggling adventures by means of high-powered motorcars.

The Belfast writer, it must be confessed did well for a twelve hour motor trip covering a good three days of news space, the major part of which was devoted to Ontario's power scheme. One tribute was paid to the cheap power cities, in St. Catharines, and it is such a city, gratefully given without embellishment which would in any way detract from the industrial expansion hereabouts.

HORSES PLACE IN THE GREAT WAR

What part the horse played in winning the war is told in an official publication issued recently by the British Government. It records the fact that on the British front in France 250,000 horses were killed in action, while on all fronts 327,000 horses and mules were employed on active service. When the war was over many of the horses did not come their service but made what might be called the supreme sacrifice when they were turned into food by butchers. There was a period when the Director of Prisoners of War in England continued to supply his charges with beef and mutton while the returned soldiers and their families had to do with horse meat and not enough of that. The work of the mules that went to the front was hardly less important than that of the horses, and statistics now reveal the fact they were kept fit on three-quarters the horse ration, and that they were rarely sick. But when the mules passed on there was no demand for their flesh. It may or may not be a comfort for the mule to know that when he is dead his master is done with him. The mules worked well under fire, and a writer in the New York Times recalls a picture of twenty of them withstanding the Austro-Italian offensive on the Piave working eighteen hours a day under shell fire. He recalls a scene at Gallipoli of veterinary surgeons running out of the dugouts between bursts of shell fire to shoot desperately wounded horses.

Horses and mules served in the war because they were obliged to do so. They were conscripts and the idea that they were heroes is rather poetic. The fact is made plain that the war could not have been fought without them. Despite the prodigies of motor, motor trucks, motorcycles, tanks and other automatically propelled vehicles, there were many times on all the fronts when reliance had to be placed upon the horse. It is true that there were not many cavalry engagements on the Western front, but the campaign in Mesopotamia and Egypt, as fought in the desert, is a day to imagine any kind of cycle or motor, any wheeled vehicle or any caterpillar arrangement that will displace the horse for military purposes. So long as there is no universal disarmament, so long as the possibility of needing an army exists, just so long will it be important that suitable horses shall be on hand. Experience has taught that of all horses the thoroughbred is the most useful. Often the half-bred horse is preferred to the thoroughbred, being more rugged and powerful. But even if the thoroughbred was not produced for sporting purposes it would still be necessary to produce him for military purposes. The English thoroughbred was not found wanting in the Great War, and the horses in all the armies were those that contained the blood of this incomparable breed.

Federal Parliament

Section 50, of the British North America Act, which is the written constitution of Canada, states the "Every House of Commons shall continue for five years from the day of the return of the writs for choosing the House (subject to be sooner dissolved by the Governor-General), and no longer." Elections are the authority of writs addressed to the returning officers in the electoral divisions, who are appointed by the Government. The writs state the day on which candidates are to be nominated, the day on which polling takes place, and the day on which the writs are to be returned to the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, Ottawa. The returned writs state who have been elected. The return day is

about forty days after polling. Five years from the day of the return of the writs the life of House of Commons would expire by lapse of time according to the provision of section 50 of the British North America Act quoted above. However, this has never yet happened, for Parliament is always dissolved before the expiration of the five years. Neither the Prime Minister nor the whole Cabinet can dissolve Parliament. The dissolving of Parliament is a prerogative of the Crown, exercised in Canada by the Governor-General, who represents the Crown. Dissolution is announced by a proclamation published in the Canada Gazette.

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TO RENT—5 roomed cottage at Cassin's corner, stop 173; garden; rent \$10.00 per month. C. Hishon, R. R. 3, Beamsville, phone 13 ring 2, Beamsville.

WASHER FOR SALE—1900 Cateract Electric Washer, in good condition; price reasonable. Phone 37, Winona, P.O. Box 28, Winona.

FOR SALE—Light movable poultry house, 7x10 feet. W. H. Cline, Grimsby East, phone 14 ring 11.

FOR SALE OR RENT—General Store and Butcher Shop; one of the best stands in the Niagara Peninsula. Apply Box 6, Winona, Ont.

FOR SALE—Knitting machine, or would exchange for chicken coop or lumber. 71 Livingston Ave., Grimsby.

KINDLING FOR SALE—Fine kindling and bark for sale, \$1.00 per cord in the yard. H. H. Farrell & Sons, phone 224, Grimsby.

FOR SALE—Tortoise Cook Stove, as good as new. P.O. Box 574, phone 123, Grimsby.

TO RENT—Six-roomed house on Nelles sidroad, stop 155. P.O. Box 574, phone 123, Grimsby.

TO RENT—Modern equipped house, 8 rooms, large garden plot, 37 Mountain street. Reasonable rent. Phone 192, Grimsby.

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MISCELLANEOUS

BOOKKEEPER WANTED—Lady Bookkeeper, state experience and wages wanted. Box L, The Independent.

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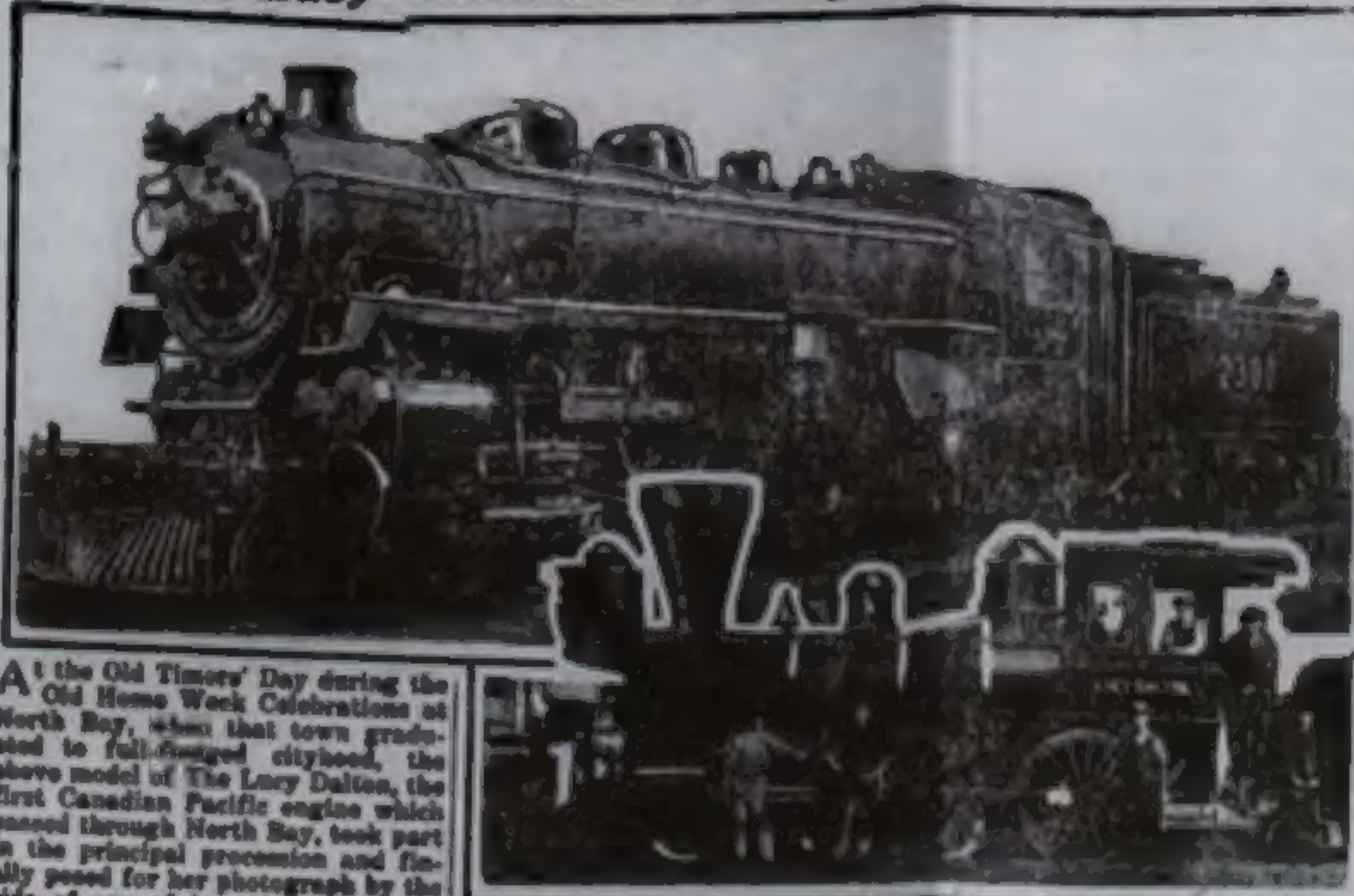
Correspondents Wanted

By THE INDEPENDENT

In order that The Independent, under its new management, may better serve the people of Lincoln County, it is anxious to secure a local correspondent in every town and village in the county. The publisher will be glad to hear from any person who would undertake to supply items of interest from their vicinity.

Anyone who would like to undertake this work will please communicate with the publisher of The Independent immediately, who will supply paper and envelopes for their use and at the same time advise them the terms.

Little Lucy Dalton and Her Big Grand Daughter



At the Old Times' Day during the Old Home Week Celebrations of North Bay, when that town graduated to full-fledged cityhood, the first Canadian Pacific engine which passed through North Bay, took part in the principal procession and finally posed for her photograph by the side of one of her gigantic granddaughters, who nowadays perform the duties once carried out so laboriously by Lucy herself. The model was constructed in the Canadian Pacific shops in North Bay and pulled her way along the streets of

the new city on her own motive power. Thousands of old-time railway men gathered in the Baby City of Ontario for the Old Times' celebration, and many were the hair-raising stories told of the days when, half a century ago, the railroad was first pushing its way through the barren wilderness which was then North Bay.

Canadian Products Arriving at Southampton



Upper—How the cargo is stored on the Canadian Pacific ship, the "Empress of France", who lands the cargo. Lower left—Loading cargo from the "Empress of France" at Southampton. Lower right—Canada's products arriving in England for distribution.

to deal with all the increased traffic which has come their way in a most efficient and satisfactory manner. The appliances for handling cargo of this description are of the most up-to-date character, and the methods employed are such as to guarantee to the consignee of the goods the most prompt and careful despatch. As can be seen from the photographs we reproduce one of the improvements adopted by the port authorities in the transporting of goods from ship's side to shed by means of electrically driven runabout trucks, which results in a great saving of time and labor, and also reduces the amount of handling to which the goods are subjected.

The system of road transport from Southampton Docks is also well organized, so that local consignees are excellently served, whilst the railway connections to London and the North of England are such that to quote only one example, it is possible for goods to be put on rail in the west of Canada or the United States, shipped across the Atlantic to Southampton, and be on sale in London inside 10 days. Besides foodstuffs and flour, which are shown in our illustrations being unloaded from the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of France," there is another commodity which is now playing an important part in the rapidly growing export trade of the port.

PROGRAMME OF COMING CONCERT

The following is the programme of

the concert arranged by Mrs. W. E. Johnson under the auspices of St. Joseph's Church, to be given tomorrow night, (Thursday) in Moore's theatre. As there are a large number of tickets

PROGRAMME

- PIANO SOLO—
 - Cadiz Albeniz
 - Spanish Dance Granados
 Miss Florence Figgins
- SONG—
 - The Floral Miss Florence Figgins
 - Trees Mr. Robert Miller
- VIOLIN SOLO—
 - Reverie Viewtemp
 Mr. Frank Figgins
- SONG—
 - Should He Upbraid Bishop
 Miss Isobel Fennell
- DUET—
 - When Taos Art New Mr. and Mrs. Connor Meekins
- SONG—
 - Chanson Indone N. Rimsky Korsakow
 - The Birth of Morn Frances Leoni
 Miss Doris Bromley
- RECITATION—
 - Sister's Day Miss Kathleen Hunt
- PIANO SOLO—
 - As Clair de la Lune Debussy
 - Marche Languon Goldoni
 Miss Florence Figgins
- SONG—
 - I'll Sing That Song of Araby F. K. Clay
 - The Ed Man John Barnes Wells
 Mr. Robert Miller
- VIOLIN—
 - Romance Swendsen
 Mr. Frank Figgins
- SONG—
 - Mon coeur s'ouvre a ta voix, Saint-Saens (Samson and Delilah) Kennedy Russell
 Miss Doris Bromley
- MONOLOGUE—
 - Selected Mr. Connor Meekins
- SONG—
 - Pale Hands Indian Love Lyrics by
 - Temple Bells Woodford & Tinden
 - Ave Maria Lardell
 (Violin obligato by Mr. Frank Figgins)
Miss Isobel Fennell
- RECITATION—
 - Ma and Her Check Book Miss Kathleen Hunt
 - Miss Maria Gould at the Piano.

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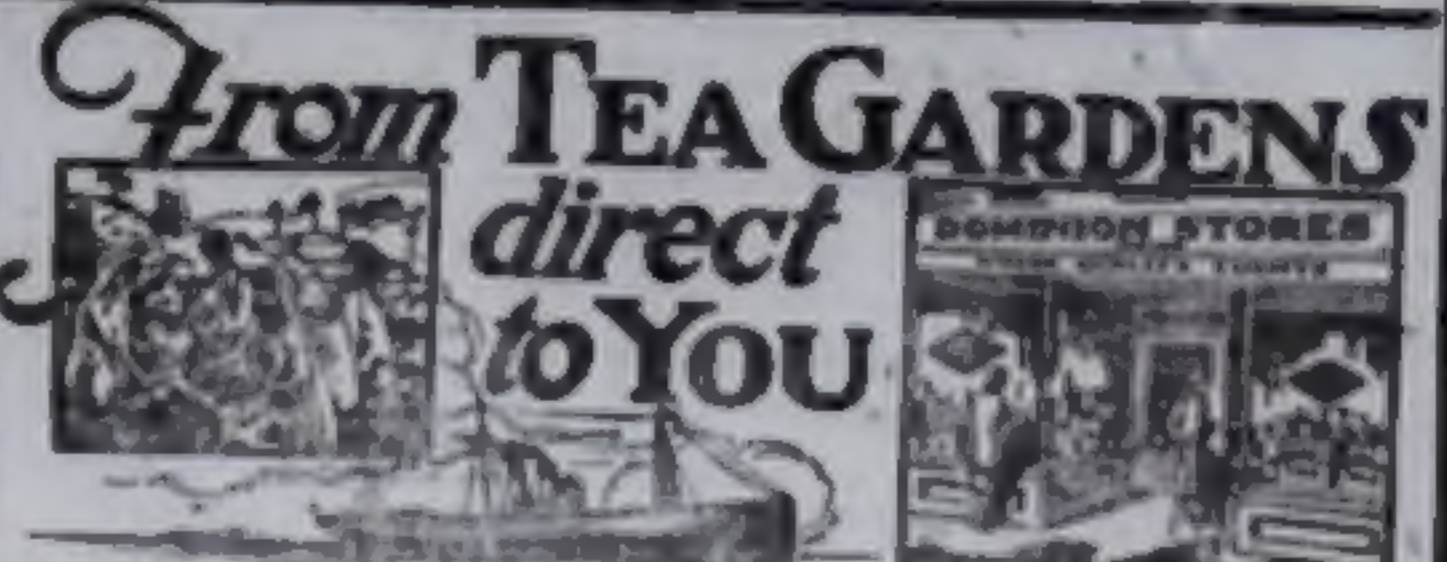
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October 1964 • C. D. Wells, M.D.

THE INDEPENDENT

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QUEEN ALEXANDRA

The life of a good and gracious woman has been ended by the death of Queen Alexandra. Fortunately her influence will not end with her life. The place she held in the affections of the British people through the long and changing years was won and maintained by the genuine qualities she possessed and displayed. It is not too much to say that she had become something in the nature of a British institution.

And it is not only in Great Britain that her memory will be cherished as something sweet and beautiful; the affection of the British people was shared throughout the empire.

It is sometimes said in haste that the days for kings and queens are over in modern nations giving evidence of advanced civilization. This is a great mistake. The sphere of influence has changed, but the influence remains. The world is not ruled entirely by laws and parliaments and courts of justice. There is still room and need, and it is likely there always will be, for the power of personality. In her own way Queen Alexandra served the people, and she had her reward in the measure of public gratitude she won.

OTHER CIVILIZATION

Gold must have been very plentiful in Egypt about the time of the death of young Tut-ank-Amen. According to the scientists who have been both literally and metaphorically digging into the past, he was but a lad of fifteen when he died; yet so lavish was the use of the precious metal that it might seem that everything which touched his body turned into gold. His coffin, of solid gold, is described as "probably the most massive relic of ancient civilization in that metal." On his head was a crown of gold. By his sides were two gold-handled swords and two gold-handled knives. Gold scarabs literally covered his arms.

Yes, there must have been a lot of gold in Egypt at the time. It is quite evident, too, that Egypt possessed a civilization that was highly developed along certain lines. The civilization, like the gold, was probably not very well distributed. The wealth, the honor and the learning were for the few. The lot of the great masses seems to have been one of misery, squalor and ignorance.

One of the striking features of the ancient civilizations as they have been so far revealed, was the great contrast between the lives of the select few and the despised many. There is still a good deal of squalor, ignorance and misery in the world; but there is a good deal more regard for humanity as such than there ever was before.

In this respect there has been progress. There was probably never a time in the world's history when there was so much sincere and intelligent effort, individual and organized, for the benefit of the masses of the people as there is today. Some of it may be misdirected and disappointing in its results; but a good deal of it is effective.

CRIME AND PUNISHMENT

Clarence Darrow, who has secured a wide reputation for his success in defending criminals, says that punishment does not lessen crime but tends to increase it. The way to decrease crime, he is reported as saying, is to give each individual a fair chance to make a good living for himself and his dependents.

Crime is much more prevalent in the United States, proportionately, than it is in either Canada or Great Britain. Does Mr. Darrow want us to understand that the reason is that the individual has a better chance for making a decent living in Canada or Great Britain than he has in the United States?

Moreover if punishment tends to increase crime why is it that crime is so much more prevalent in the United States, where punishment is so scarce, than it is in Canada or Great Britain, where it is usually so much more severe and so much more certain?

It may be that punishment has failed to lessen crime in the United States; but if it has failed may not the explanation be that punishment there is usually so uncertain and so long delayed that it loses much of its effect?

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS

According to the statistics furnished the Canadian board of railway commissioners there were 27 accidents in which passenger cars were involved in this country during the month of October, resulting in 16 persons being killed and 29 injured. Twenty-seven accidents to motor cars at railway crossings in a month may not seem very many in a country covering so much space as Canada does and with so many motors and such railway mileage; but as all the accidents were preventable there were 27 too many.

ABOUT MUSTACHES

An American clergyman advises every man to wear a mustache as the last badge of masculinity that women have left him. The women cut their hair, smoke cigarettes, drink hooch and wear men's clothes, but they can't sport a mustache, the clergyman says.

Is he quite sure? There is a theory that nature provides its creatures with what they need. When the fish got tired of the water and

wanted to wander around on the land, nature provided the feet, and the fish became a reptile. Later on when the call of the air became too strong to be resisted nature provided the wings and the reptile became a bird. If it becomes necessary for women to grow mustaches in order to completely obliterate man's badge of masculinity they will probably find the way.

PRIZE APPLES

A box of British Columbia apples won the sweepstake honors at the Royal Winter Fair at Toronto this week. It was adjudged the best single box lot of any variety at the show. The first prize in the 50-box class went to Ontario, the winner's entry consisting entirely of McIntosh Red.

British Columbia as the winner of the sweepstake honors had a right to feel proud; it would be interesting to know, however, just what it was about the British Columbia apples that impressed the judges so favorably. Was it something in the taste, the flavor or the keeping qualities of the fruit? Or was it something in the outside appearance, the size and the packing?

There is a prevailing impression in Ontario that while the western apples do make an attractive appearance and are usually well selected and presented in a way to appeal to the eye, they fall in comparison with Ontario apples in an actual test, in which the proof is in the eating and the cooking. Perhaps Ontario people are prejudiced in favor of their own fruit; but the impression remains. However, the British Columbia growers are deserving of a great deal of credit for making the most of the material they have. Perhaps there is something the Ontario growers may learn from the competition, if not in the growing at least in the marketing of apples.

Notes and Comments On Current Events

(By PETER PETERKIN)

There has recently been a decided change in the attitude of many leading scientists in the matter of weather forecasts. Up to the present time weather bureaus have based their forecasts on temperatures and air pressures existing at different places on the earth's surface; and while by these methods considerable advance has been made in forecasting the weather for a few days ahead, such forecasts are only roughly accurate and do not penetrate sufficiently far into the future.

The new school of scientists however consider that such methods deal merely with effects and that if they search out causes instead and learn to understand them, they will be able to prophesy weather changes far more accurately and farther ahead. Moving in this direction they consider that changes in the weather are chiefly due to changes from day to day in the amount of heat given off by the sun. This theory is comparatively new yet it has already received a considerable amount of verification.

Samuel P. Langley, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, aided by Dr. Abbot, began measurements of solar radiation in 1882, at Washington, on Mount Wilson, California, and in 1915 another station was established by the Smithsonian Institute in the arid desert of Chile. While in 1920 a third station was set up on Mount Maracaibo, in Arizona, which sent up over the work formerly done at Mount Wilson. As a result of the measurements made at these stations it was found that the quantity of heat sent out by the sun increases or decreases as much as 5 per cent in 10 days, although usually more slowly.

The records made indicate that changes in the sun's heat have a direct and perceptible influence on the weather and the forecasting of that influence has developed to such a point that the weather bureau of the Argentine government in its forecasts makes daily use of the measurements of the Smithsonian's solar radiation station in Chile. By reason of these accomplishments the National Geographical Society of the U.S.A. has given \$55,000 to permit the Smithsonian experts to extend their study of the changes of the sun's heat to the eastern hemisphere.

This gift of money will enable the establishment of a station and will support its operation for 4 years. This new station will probably be ready for work by next spring. Dr. Abbot will choose the most propitious site on which to arrange for the installation of the complicated and sensitive instruments he has been largely instrumental in developing during his thirty years study of the sun.

It is hardly necessary to point out the extreme importance of this work to all whose occupations depend to a greater or lesser extent upon the weather, and it is to be hoped that the result may be that weather changes in the future will be fairly accurately predicted weeks, or even months ahead, nor is it impossible that certain changes may be foretold years before they occur, and if this should turn out to be correct the world will have moved another step ahead.

A wayward genius in England, who seems to take a somewhat prejudiced view of the American people, has written a book in which he says that George the Third was a much maligned King, at least so far as

his treatment of the American Colonists was concerned. He backs this statement up by declaring that Virginia in its early days "was peopled chiefly by criminals, Catholics in the 17th century was a refuge for all the rascals of the earth and New England was settled mainly by the poorest and narrowest fanatics, who hated the liberty of conscience and employed this liberty as a pretext for persecution of those."

He also says that if the first settlers of America were to present themselves for admission there today they would be consigned to Ellis Island—not even excepting the passengers on the Mayflower.

This sounds little as if it were the writing of George Bernard Shaw, but as far as I am aware, it was not written by him.

Mr. J. M. Hudson of Fredericton says that Lady Cowan is right when she warns the "public" of the advance of Communism and of its intrusion even into the Sunday school. And he says that the reason of this is the desire of fundamentalist radicals in the interest of the supposed general welfare. So long as this idea remained theoretic it did not matter, but when prohibitionists applied it practically the door of opportunity was thrown wide open to the Communist, who opposes to apply the doctrine, not to liquor only, but to all things.

He asks "Why should he not do so, logical or not? And goes on to ask what there is in the matter of stopping at liquor when there is no individual rights, such as that of property, so open to sweep away. He declares that Communism is the twin-brother of prohibition, and of all other forms ignoring the right of the individual that which is worst, that shall you also recognize."

The question is then asked "What is the difference between a slider and a lawyer? The only thing I could suggest that the slider, having both eyes on one side, might see on one side all his life; while as the lawyer the matter of lying can allow himself more latitude than that."

COWS IN KOREA

It is a funny thing to see the cows at work in Korea as well as the cows at work in Canada. Mrs. Jersey is of the fine milk breed and they will give us. But it is at this way in Korea. Milk and butter are almost unknown in the native homes of Korea.

Koreans might keep a damn cow, but if you asked him for milk he would look at you in amazement. His cows are to carry great loads of wood or iron products to market, or to haul the big lumberjacks two-wheeled carts or the teaming plough. Just think of it! No milk, no butter, no cheese! Too bad, isn't it? "Yes," writes a medical missionary, "it is a curious thing for Korea, where no heed is paid to sanitary laws. Milk, being one of the most dangerous mediums for bacteria, it is no doubt but, after all, that Korea, with no regard whatever for the laws of health, has never learned to use it." Koreans, seeing better used in a

Here and There

The first batch of last winter's furs brought from the Far North by the steamer "Distributor," from Alaska, has arrived at Edmonton, Alta., and is valued at approximately \$1,000,000. Good catches of furs were reported throughout the north.

Sockeye salmon fishing around Vancouver, B.C., for the first three weeks of the current season, while not as active as last year, has, so far, resulted in fairly good catches. The latest report indicates a catch to date of 55,000 cw, which is 2,000 more than last year.

While the members of Dean Sinclair Laird's party of school teachers from Ontario is returning East from their tour of the country the party of British teachers, who landed in Canada recently, is now traveling through the West on a special Canadian Pacific train to gain knowledge of the country and information concerning its resources.

Construction of the half million dollar storage and power dam on the Muskoka River, authorized at its last session by the Ontario Legislature, has been commenced. The proposed work is designed to control the flow from the Muskoka Lakes basin and will enable the linking up of power development in that district with the Niagara-Stevens system.

Passenger traffic over Western Lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway to date this summer has been particularly heavy, and a large number of special trains and special cars being operated for British, Canadian and American tourists. Lake side and summer tourist travel to the annual exhibition at Saskatoon and other Western points required the operation of special trains.

Construction of one of the largest and most modern departmental stores at Winnipeg, Man., by the Hudson's Bay Company will be proceeded with immediately, according to an announcement by Mayor Webb of that city. A start upon the company's building programme here was announced, stated Mayor Webb, with the passing of a by-law by the City Council providing for a memorial boulevard flanking the Hudson's Bay property.

During the first half of August ten important Ontario railway towns celebrated their Old Home Week and held a series of interesting and profitable local business and industrial activities. These were North Bay and Smith Falls, both of which held C.P.R. Days and were the meeting points for thousands of railroad men, who assisted in the pioneering work of the district. The Old Home Week at North Bay marked the graduation of that town to full-fledged cityhood.

The financial statement recently of the late G. M. Rowbotham, chairman Canadian Pacific Steamships, was submitted by E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and nearly all the directors and executive officers of the company. An impressive and dignified presentation followed the ceremony, a carriage being formed by the company's police and officers and men from the crews of Canadian Pacific steamships.

A party of thirty prominent American society people, scientists and artists accompanied recently a blading a new passage along the Wolverine past across the northern Canadian Pacific Ranges with the Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies. The Riders this year have many famous men among them and six European countries are represented. Twenty of the speakers wear gold and enamel buttons, showing that they have ridden 2,000 miles along the mountain trails.

missionary home, expressed his longing. To him it was not only a "disgraceful mess" but it was made from calf feed (milk). Neither does the Korean eat beef to any extent. His cows are too useful as beasts of burden to be slaughtered.

A missionary, reaching his station in one of the interior towns of Korea, expressed a desire to purchase a milk cow for the use of his family. The Koreans to whom he expressed his desire were amused. No such thing had ever been heard of around there, they told him. No cow had ever had milk drawn from her udder by human hand. That was the calf's business. What was more, no cow would put up with it.

Undismayed, the missionary proceeded to select a cow with a young calf. "There's trouble coming to you," the man from whom he purchased it told him.

The moment the hand of the milker pressed upon the cow's udder, her hind feet flew into the air. Her feet were then roped, and head and tail

Here and There

This year's receipts from motor vehicles license in New Brunswick already amount to \$422,000. This amount is larger than the total for any year, except last year when the gross receipts for the whole twelve months were \$422,400. The estimate for the present year is half a million.

The mines and quarries of the Province of Quebec produced to the value of \$12,962,896 during 1924, according to the final report issued by the Provincial Department of Mines. Building materials account for \$11,306,977 other non-metallic minerals \$7,181, and metallic minerals \$206,944.

"In the Canadian and fall of the Canadian Rockies there is enough hydro-electric power to supply the American west with all the electric energy it will need for ages to come," declared W. Paxton Little, treasurer of the Niagara Falls Power Company, who recently visited Banff with a party of distinguished American electrical engineers.

That the Province of Quebec stands in historic and romantic material for the construction of popular novels, is the judgment of two popular writers—James Oliver Curwood, author of scores of best sellers, and Edwin Selous, well-known short story writer—who have recently toured the province and Western Canada in quest of "local color."

There has been an unusual distinction conferred upon Prof. Camille Cousture, a Montreal musician, who, besides being a violinist is also a maker of violins. He has been honored with a medal and diploma from the British Empire Exhibition at Wembley for a magnificent violin of his make, which he exhibited there.

In order to dispel the existing impression in England regarding the coldness of the Canadian climate, five thousand penny blooms are being distributed at the Canadian Pacific Railway Pavilion at the British Empire Exhibition. These plants were produced by W. Orniston Roy, of Montreal, who states that peonies are the best landscape flower and can be grown in all parts of Canada, irrespective of climatic conditions.

Hon. W. G. Michel, Lieut. Governor of British Columbia, and D. G. Coleman, Vice-President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, opened Crystal Gardens, the new and unique indoor salt-water swimming pool at Victoria, B.C., recently. This amusement centre, which has two dancing floors, a gymnasium, art gallery and tea-rooms, is regarded as the largest and finest of its kind on the continent.

Being extended only by Mexico and the United States, Canada now ranks third among the silver producing countries of the world. Records of Canadian production have been kept since 1902 and show a total recovery of 431,000,000 fine ounces to the end of 1924. In 1924 production was slightly in excess of 39,000,000 ounces. During 1922-1923 the value of production totalled \$104,700,000, while for last year it amounted to \$102,512,000.

The first lot of buffalo, slaughtered since 1906, to be transferred from the Watnwright Park to the new Buffalo Park, north of Edmonton, left Watnwright, Alberta, recently. For some time past the herd at Watnwright had been growing too rapidly and the Federal authorities decided to sell a number to the Buffalo Park to determine whether or not they can acclimatize themselves in the new district as they did in the southern area. Altogether two thousand buffalo, in lots of two hundred each, will be shipped to the Buffalo Park.

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MAINLY FOR WOMEN

Vocation for Women

"Tell me what to be and I'll be it," said a college graduate, discussing her future. "From now on, I haven't the slightest idea what to do with myself." The woman to whom this was said described the girl as having a bachelor of arts degree from a leading women's college, being sufficiently cerebral to be able to make her grades easily, and popular enough to have had several prizes, but with no particular equipment for any line of work and no strong urge in any direction that prompted her so that with all her excellent academic training she didn't know what to do. She had missed what education really ought to give—the ambition to work, the impulse to express herself, the joy of using a brain that had been carefully cultivated, said this woman who went on to show that education without purpose is of little value to girls. They are splendid machines ready for action, just waiting for the motor power they don't seem able to generate.

Very logical her conclusions are, but there is a side to the subject which she has not touched. The usefulness of it! That girls who have the ambition to work, the impulse to express themselves and the longing to know the joy of using a brain that has been carefully cultivated, cannot afford the education necessary to give this cultivation while it comes without effort to girls who "don't know what to do with themselves". That the splendid equipment is so often given to the machine without motor power while it is denied to those that generate it themselves.

"It's just one of life's little ironies," some people may say with a shrug. "What can you do about it?" Others will tell you that if a girl has ambition and the willingness to work she can "get there" without the splendid equipment of a fine education being handed to her as a matter of course.

But there is proof of a growing idea in the world that something can be done about it and that a little help will often accomplish what ambition and willingness to work cannot do alone. A novel bureau—the Central Employment Bureau for Women and Student's Careers Association, an organization with headquarters in London, England,—is helping women to find vocations.

Discussing in The Queen the work of this association, one writer says:

"The bureau has several important functions. In the first place it is advisory. As a result of a quarter of a century's research work, it has an intimate knowledge of the openings there are for educated women; of the prospects each career offers. It can judge the suitability of a candidate for any particular vocation; can advise as to training, and, training completed, can suggest where remunerative work can be obtained.

"Sometimes, however, lack of capital may prevent a girl from taking up a career for which she has a particular talent, and often it makes her accept work utterly unsuited to her and which she, perhaps, actively dislikes. A widow may be left penniless with a family to provide for, and have neither the capacity for earning her living nor the funds necessary for training. Two unhappy women become a burden to themselves and others instead of being useful citizens engaged in congenial work.

"This is where the bureau again comes to the rescue. Loans varying from a few pounds to a few hundreds of pounds, are made to women wishing to qualify for a particular profession, or to help them to defray expenses incurred in taking up a post at home or abroad, or if already trained, in starting an enterprise of their own.

"These loans are not offered for general education, but only that a special talent or bent, which would otherwise be wasted, may be fully developed. A generous provision is also made for the borrower to be able to repay the liability when she is able to.

What the Passing Of Puritanism Leaves

A woman editor of one of the leading Paris dailies is quoted as writing this:

"I have just seen an astounding object, which I was assured was a woman. Head shaved; a monocle; above the knee a far garb, which was as useless as the rolled silk stockings which failed to reach it; a dress of the simplest, its shape null; impertinence; great conversation, freely intermingled with oaths and tobacco smoke.

"Since seeing her I regret having advocated short hair, short skirts and sports for women."

The obvious inference is that this woman editor fears that object which she was assured was a woman is now, or soon will be, representative of a large number of modern girls; and that rather than have this the case she would prefer to have women again "un-emancipated" (if there is such a word) and brought back to the status they occupied half a century or more ago.

Don't let yourself be beguiled into thinking likewise. In an article entitled, "The Passing of Puritanism," in a current weekly, Arnold Bennett describes that age of propriety very accurately according to any first-hand information we have ever had about it.

"Lastly, and perhaps most important, the position of women has improved; and I would assuredly attribute this chiefly to the spread of the general idea of freedom. Puritanism had something of the oriental in its attitude towards women. In puritanism, next after theological strictness came strictness in regard to the relations of the sexes, and of course purity was imposed more severely on women than on men. Any action, however innocent in themselves, which might bring even a suspicion on the immaculateness of women was tabooed. The cause for propriety became merely ridiculous.

"I can remember the years when ladies might ride inside an omnibus but not outside, and when a woman rode by herself in a hansom-car was thereby morally demolished. And I have bicycled with a lady who was stoned by the populace of a suburb of London because she had so confidently unseated herself as to dare to move from one part of the earth's surface to another on a pair of steel wheels. Here was a symptom of the effects of puritanism at its most malignant and most misguided. Any change from it must of necessity have been for the better."

Just what the representative girl of the future will be like one cannot with certainty say. But certainly the "astounding object" of which the Paris woman editor writes is not representative of the girl of today. And more and more are we hearing protests against a misconception of her character by mistaking the exception for the rule. As one American woman writer says, "Let's give the modern girl a chance! Let's hear the old-fashioned side of our new-fashioned girl." And, taking the Girl Scout organization numbering thousands and thousands of girls, she proceeds to show that the modern girl likes best the things that her mother and grandmother did before her. Above everything else she loves to cook.

"Girl scouts," she says, "are allowed to earn merit badges and are free to choose their activities from among fifty odd branches of accomplishment that include cooking, first aid, art, dressmaking, life-saving and many others. And cooking leads the rest in last year's awards of badges. Health winning, laundry and home-making came next in order.

Home nursing stood high in the list and so did needlework, including the practical business of home dress-making.

"Taking care of the baby wasn't regarded as any chore when it was related to the status of a profession, and the girl who came up to standard earned the title of child nurse."

The conclusion, that this woman

ECONOMICAL USES OF MEATS

One of the valuable papers issued by Women's Institutes is given below. The paper is the work of the Provincial Committee of Home Economics for the Province of Quebec.

Considering the fact that meat forms such an important part of the diet, and the price of meat is so high, other food has advanced in importance, housekeepers are naturally seeking more economical methods of preparing meat so that they may be able to supply the family with the required amount of meat the whole year round.

This is of special interest to women on the farm. However, the first hand material that any producer, or can producer, and some thoughtful and careful planning, the butcher's bill may be reduced to a very small item. This article will deal mainly with the methods of preparing meat for summer use which helps to do away, in a great measure, with the frequent serving of fried meat that so often homewives feel forced to resort to.

The butchering season on the farm usually begins with the first cold weather, and the thing to do

with the carcass is to cut up the carcass. After the spare ribs are taken out, hams and shoulders, and a side removed for bacon, the bone is taken out of the shoulder, and the meat rolled and the with a strong cord.

These cuts are placed in a barrel or truck, and sprinkled with salt, and after two days covered with brine made strong enough to bear up a sound egg. Add two ounces of salt-petre and one quart of molasses and maple sugar (if you have it) mixed. The brine removed, then cooled before putting over meat. (This proportion is for about fifty lbs. of meat).

Leave in brine for six weeks, then three weeks, take out and hang to drain, then smoke with coriander. After smoking hang in a cool dry place.

There are ways of curing pork, and it is excellent in summer, and a nice change from other meats. The loin and chops are fried brown on either side, the bone cut out and meat packed in glass jars. Add one teaspoon of salt and fat in top, place cans in boiler in wooden frame, cover nearly to top of jars with cold water, and boil two and one-half hours. This is called processing.

The hocks may be cooked (after removing the skin) until the meat drops from the bones, with just enough water at the beginning to cover. Remove bones, add a few mixed spices and one-half cup of vinegar, simmer for half an hour, pack hot in jars and process one hour, from the jars when you wish to use it, it may be remolded in a dish or mold. This is delicious and an improvement upon the old-time "headcheese".

Beef can also be very successfully canned. Cut the beef in small pieces from the front quarter while fresh, and pack into jars, one teaspoon of salt in each jar, cut up sweet, slightly warm and flaked top of jars, arrange rubbers and covers—process three hours after the water begins to boil, or better still, one and one-quarter hours.

Hospital for Sick Children

67 College St., Toronto, 2, Ont.
Christmas, 1925.

Dear Mr. Editor:—

This is the fifth year—the semi-centennial of the Hospital for Sick Children. It is the Golden Anniversary of an institution which started out in 1875 with a student equipped to cure children medically of their diseases and to rid them surgically of their disabilities. Fifty years have passed and the tiny hospital has grown into one of the greatest institutions of its kind in the whole world.

The people of this province demanded this service—and they have made it possible by their Christmas Time gifts. They are rewarded by the knowledge that thousands of Ontario children will grow up into manhood or womanhood blessing the "little blue coat" wherein they were nurtured and strengthened to play a full part in the battle of life.

To win back health for six thousand boys and girls was the measure of the Hospital's ward-service alone this year. Besides that there were over half a hundred thousand out-patients in the Out-Patient Department, where the less serious cases are treated. All this costs a great deal of money, even though the doctors give freely of their skill and the nurses of their care. These are heard and lodging and laundry can be provided, besides the best that can be procured in the way of all the medical and surgical supplies required to treat the myriad ailments and accidents to which children are subject.

In order to maintain its high standard of efficiency and also to widen the scope of its service through clinics conducted all over Ontario, the Hospital is compelled to borrow heavily during the year. On the occasion of its fiftieth Christmas an appeal is made to the public for the funds which will allow the Hospital for Sick Children to enter upon its second half-century of service with its courage renewed by a credit balance in the bank.

It is indeed a noble cause which I feel sure you will cordially commend to your readers.

Faithfully yours,
IRVING E. ROBERTSON,
Chairman Appeal Committee

Note—The Hospital does not receive an appropriation from the Federation for Community Service Drive.

comes to is that the young men of the country and the reformers who are all going to get—and we feel sure they would include the Paris woman editor among these fanatical money owners—can rest easily, for apparently the next generation is going to be cured for—maybe better than this one.

on each of three successive days. The latter method is safer as it destroys bacteria which might develop after one boiling. The extra fifteen minutes is to allow heat to penetrate to centre of jar.

Boil bones for soup stock, and if not needed immediately, put stock in jars and process as above.

Canned chicken or yearling meat (when culling from flock in the fall) make a very nice addition to the stores of other meat, and, served with asparagus, makes a fine Sunday dinner in the spring.

Pick and clean thoroughly. Leave fowl in water with a handful of salt thrown in, over night. Cut fowl up, crack leg bones in centre, treat wings, cut them the size of your own and with bright contrasting sewing silk machine a narrow hem and run a few rows of stitching across inside it.

When cutting out garments follow the pattern by setting two or three flatness or heavy books on it. You will find it quicker and better than pinning.

The superstitious dream! Surely you are not going to let this opportunity to have one pass you by! Even if you have in the past been timid about undertaking to make your own clothes, you will need to have no hesitating fears about making this style, for it is so simple that even the very young girl can make herself one.

How about making the skirt of tangerine kasha and wearing it with a blouse of white flat silk?

This article was written by the Quebec Provincial Consumer in Home Economics.

Sewing Room Hints

When hemming or tying quilts, use a lot of needles into the thread used. Each time you need a needle it is already threaded. All you have to do is cut it off the spool. It saves time.

Handkerchiefs for the small one who loses so many may be made from pieces left over in making her frocks. Cut them the size of your own and with bright contrasting sewing silk machine a narrow hem and run a few rows of stitching across inside it.

When cutting out garments follow the pattern by setting two or three flatness or heavy books on it. You will find it quicker and better than pinning.

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(More "For Women" on page 5)

Have You Tasted

"SALADA" GREEN TEA

Those who have used Japan, Young Hyson or Gunpowder Tea will appreciate the superiority of this delicious blend, always so pure and rich. Try it.



Let me help you settle the flour question once and for all!

ONLY the best flour makes the best bread, pastry and puddings.

Inferior flour, or flour that varies in quality endangers your success in baking, reduces the food value and appetizing qualities of everything you bake.

I, your retailer, select for your table the best of everything on the market

For your baking I select Purity Flour because in all the years I have been in business Purity Flour has never failed to please my customers.

I offer you this silk-sifted, oven-tested flour with the understanding that if it does not make the best bread, pies and cakes, never baked you may return the unused portion and I will return the full price of your purchase.

Could anything be fairer?

Let me send a trial bag of Purity Flour with your next order. You'll be delighted.

Your Retailer

Send 10c. in stamps for the 500-page Purity Flour Cook Book. Sent Postpaid.

PURITY FLOUR

For all your baking

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO., LIMITED

Head Office—TORONTO

Branches from coast to coast



Cream Puffs, Marguerites and Cream Rolls

CAN NOW BE HAD AT

THE GRIMSBY BAKERY STORE

PHONE 108w.

10 MAIN ST. WEST

Local Items Of Interest

Miss R. Chivers is holidaying in Toronto and Brampton.

Mr. Ben. Kidd was a business visitor in Montreal last week.

Sheep early. Watch the advertising columns of The Independent for the best bargains.

Open minds are all right, but some ideas go right through—St. Catherine Standard.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. M. Livingston and daughter spent the weekend with relatives in Grimsby.

Miss Ward was third prize at Royal Winter Fair, Toronto, in the Silver Champagne class.

"Some folks save for a rainy day," remarks the Detroit News. "Others, alas, save for a wet night."

Thomas Richards of St. Mary's, who has been visiting his nephew Rev. T. R. Richards, has returned home.

The Ladies' association of the Presbyterian United Church of Grimsby, held a most successful bazaar on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. T. Nebart, of Brampton, has returned home, after a month's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Chivers, Pater street.

About seventy young people gathered in the Institute hall on Tuesday evening of last week, when St. John's social club held a hard-fought box social. An interesting program was provided and included a duet in costume by Fred Woodcock and Reg. Bailey. The club will hold its next meeting on December 16, when a Christmas party will be given.

Grimsby Arena opened for the skating season on Monday night. A large crowd enjoyed the excellent facilities provided for the evening.

M. S. Phelps, 5 Main st., on Monday presented to St. Catharines at the funeral of his brother-in-law William Bell of that city.

By the will of the late Lloyd Martin of Bradford, his brother Gordon A. Harris of Bensenville was named executor for his estate.

The silver challenge cup of the Niagara Peninsula Tennis League, won this year by St. John's club, is on exhibition in The Wilsons.

Mrs. E. G. MacMillan, of Main street, who is wintering in California, is receiving expressions of sympathy from many friends on the death of her mother.

The Independent wishes to thank those subscribers who have so promptly and generously responded to the request for papers of which the issue had run short.

Members of the executive of the Bensenville Poultry association met on Thursday night for the purpose of revising the price list for their annual show next month.

Students of the High and Public schools are making a canvass of the town and district selling tickets for the Art Exhibition to be held in the High School each evening, Dec. 2 to 5.

Starling Cook, now located in Leesburg, Va., spent a few days in Grimsby, returning south on Tuesday. He accompanied Miss Marion Cook who will remain here for a six-weeks visit.

Styl. Head, who has been confined to St. Joseph's hospital for the past fifteen days, is able to be out again. Dr. Sutherland performed two operations on the left eye. He was totally blind for several days.

Come and have an old-fashioned hot supper at the Presbyterian Church bazaar, Friday, November 27th, in the Masonic Hall. Homemade sausage for sale also doughnuts and candy, useful and fancy articles.

The meeting of the Bible society at Winona held in the Institute hall on Sunday night was largely attended. Rev. J. A. Harrington, of Toronto, was the speaker and he chose for his subject, The Life and Work of William Tindall.

Don't forget the Presbyterian Church bazaar to be held in the Masonic Hall on Friday, November 27th, commencing at three o'clock. Useful articles, homemade baking and candy, homemade sausage. Old fashioned hot supper will be served from 5 o'clock on.

A provincial charter has been granted the Grimsby Recreation club, with head office at Stoney Creek. The first directors are: A. O. Marshall, H. H. Poterill, J. A. Walker, E. Millington and D. H. Dupuy. The purpose of the corporation is to establish a social and country club.

The city of St. Catharines will submit a daylight saving bylaw for a three-year term. It has been submitted each year for some time past and carried each time by increasing majorities and with the object of saving the annual expense it will be given or lost—a three-year tenure.

It was announced in last week's issue that the Lincoln Loyalist Chapter, I.O.E., had received an invitation from the St. Catharines Chapter to a reception and tea on November 27th, in St. Thomas Parish Hall, Ontario street. Owing to the fact that the hall will not be completed in time the reception will be held in The Odd-fellows hall, James street.

INVESTING IN DIAMONDS

Scarcely anything else that you can put your money into is as sure to retain its worth as a diamond.

The jewelry store known as "Gifts That Last." A diamond is indestructible. It will pass from generation to generation, unfaded in lustre, its beauty retained to the last. And likely worth as much or more than when bought.

So a purchase of a diamond may be considered an investment.

We have plenty of good diamond buy. Flawless, perfect gems, awaiting your inspection.

TUCK'S Jewelry Store

Main Street, Grimsby

L. Bailey, of Toronto was a visitor in town on Tuesday.

The Guild of St. Andrew's Church, held a very successful sale of fancy work, etc., and supper on Thursday afternoon and evening last; and should be heartily congratulated on its efforts put forth to make the year or the success it was.

COMING EVENTS

The Ladies of St. John's Presbyterian United Church are holding their bazaar and supper on Thursday afternoon and evening, in the school room of the church. There will be plain and fancy aprons and fancy articles suitable for Christmas gifts. Refreshments will be served and coffee and supper starting at 5:30.

The ladies of St. John's Presbyterian United Church are holding their bazaar and supper on Thursday afternoon and evening in the schoolroom of the church. There will be plain and fancy aprons and fancy articles suitable for Christmas gifts. Refreshments will be served and coffee and supper starting at 5:30.

Commencing Thursday evening, December 3rd, at the Village Inn Annex, St. Joseph's Bridge and Exchequer Club will hold a series of parties every two weeks on Thursday evenings. Good prizes and refreshments. An attendance price each evening. Public cordially invited. Admission 35c.

The fourteenth annual ball given by Ed. Todd, manager of Dominion Canners' factory No. 7, will be held in Independent Hall on Friday night, Nov. 27. All our old friends are cordially invited to attend. A good time is assured. Ladies provide.

The Mountain Union Sunday School of Grimsby Mountain, will hold its annual Christmas Tree and Entertainment on the evening of Tuesday, December 22. Further announcement will be made later.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS

Spirilla Corset, 28 Main St. East. Mrs. K. M. Chester, Corsetiere.

The Department Store (Kest's) Grimsby, which is now carrying on a closing up sale, announce their closing date, December 10th. They discontinue the business after that date. The public will have an opportunity to purchase the remainder of the stock and all Christmas goods at bargain prices. Store open every night until Christmas.

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DAVE-NASHALL

The home of Mr. W. H. Marshall, Stoney Creek, was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Tuesday, Nov. 17, when Hazel Marguerite, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Marshall, became the bride of Frederick Richard Dave, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Dave, of Winona. The bride, who wore a Paris gown of white georgette bordered in crystal, veil of tulle beautifully embroidered in silk and caught with a wreath of orange blossoms, and carrying a bouquet of Opulenta roses and lily of the valley, entered the drawing room with her father. Lohengrin's Bridal March, played by John E. Teeco. "One Veil" Martineau, who attended the bride, was gowned in yellow georgette with orange trimming of velvet flowers in harmonizing colors, and carrying a bouquet of yellow chrysanthemums. Ralph R. Harris, of Winona, acted as best man. The ushers were Harold Dave, brother of the groom, and Robert A. Jordan, of Winona. Rev. J. K. Hugheson, D.D., of Hamilton, officiated. During the signing of the register Mr. T. Buckley sang "Benedictus." After the ceremony a reception was held when Mrs. W. H. Marshall, in black satin-faced costume with pearls of plaited black georgette and black veil of hat, was assisted in receiving by Mrs. W. C. Dave, who wore an imported gown of navy blue satin brocade trimmed with a cuff of cream chiffon and hat of black velvet, ornamented in russet and gold, and carried a bouquet of Sunset roses. Later Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Dave left for Washington, where they will spend their honeymoon. The bride's travelling costume consisted of a Persian lamb coat with crepeable collar of sable, opening over a Paris frock of navy satin-faced costume trimmed with champagne. Upon their return the happy couple will reside in Winona.

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BOYS

OLE—At Grimsby, Ontario, on November 25, 1925, to Mr. and Mrs. Norman Cole, a son, Grimsby William Hugh).

Obituary

MRS. OLIVIA JANE HARE

One of Grimsby's well-loved old ladies, Mrs. Olivia Jane Hare, died in St. Joseph's hospital, Hamilton, on Saturday, Nov. 21, 1925, in her seventy-ninth year, after an illness of about four years.

Mrs. Hare originally a Welles, was born in Grimsby township, on the original Isaac Walker homestead at the top of the Westerton mountains, and married in 1847 Walter V. Hare, who predeceased her nearly twenty-nine years ago.

Mrs. Hare is survived by an only daughter Mrs. (Dr) D. Clark, of Grimsby, two brothers Stewart and Frank Walker of North Grimsby, and one sister, Mrs. L. D. Benschfield, of East Orange, N. J.

The funeral took place on Monday, Nov. 22, from the home of her daughter with whom she resided at 5 Pater street to St. Andrew's cemetery, the Rev. J. Allen Ballard conducting the service.

The pallbearers were: C. W. F. Carpenter, Dr. D. Clark, Peter Graham, W. H. Pettit, W. F. Randall, Arthur Walker.

MRS. FRANK GRASLEY

Mrs. Henrietta Grasley, wife of Frank Grasley of Stoney Creek, died at her home on Barton street, on Thursday, Nov. 19, 1925, in her fifty-sixth year.

Mrs. Grasley was a native of Grimsby, being Nettie Schwab, eldest daughter of the late Frederick and Mrs. Schwab, Main street west. She had resided at Stoney Creek for several years, but had retained her allegiance to Grimsby Baptist church, of which she was a valued member.

Surviving are her husband, three sons and a daughter; Fred, Charles, and William, and Florence. Two brothers and a sister also remain. H. J. and W. J. Schwab of Grimsby, and Mrs. William Smith, of Hamilton.

The funeral took place on Saturday, Nov. 21, from her late home to Queen's Lawn cemetery, Grimsby, the Rev. T. E. Richards of Grimsby Baptist church officiating.

The pallbearers were: Philip Blanchard, W. C. Dave, A. R. Fisher, Arthur Henson, Edward MacMillan, Charles Ready.

J. E. STEVENSON

John Edward Stevenson who has been a resident of Grimsby for the past year died at his home here on Monday, Nov. 23, 1925, in his sixty-fifth year.

Mr. Stevenson had been actively engaged in farming up to his coming to Grimsby.

He was an adherent of Central United church, and the Rev. C. L. Poole, of that church will conduct the services at the funeral, which takes place this afternoon, from his late home, 5 Robinson street south, to Watford, his original home.

F. R. WORDEN

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 21.—Fred R. Worden, a coal merchant who formerly was Rochester representative for the Philadelphia & Reading Coal Company, with offices in the Wilder building there, was killed here early this morning when his automobile plunged off a dock and into the Detroit river, drowning both him and his companion, Edward J. Bryson, of Washington, D. C.

Worden, who was speeding down a street leading to the wharf, could not stop his brakes on his automobile and it skidded over the edge of the dock, directly in front of the steamship to which he was carrying Bryson. Passengers on the boat called police, who worked six hours before the bodies were raised to the surface.

Mr. Worden for the last two years had been connected with the Detroit

office of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company.

(Mr. Worden who was well-known here, was a son of Joseph W. Worden, formerly in the banking business in Grimsby. He was a nephew of William Sutherland, of Stoney Creek, and of Mrs. E. E. Morse formerly of Grimsby.)

MRS. E. E. MORSE

The following notice was received by Mr. and Mrs. W. R. VanDyke, with the request to have it announced in The Grimsby Independent.

The late Mrs. Morse was a former resident of Grimsby. Although having moved from here several years ago, she will still be remembered by many friends who will be sorry to hear of her passing away.

Jessie Sutherland Morse, wife of Samuel E. Morse, died Nov. 14, at the family home, 11 Aberdeen street, Rochester, N. Y. Besides her husband she leaves two daughters, Mrs. Mary L. Dietzel, of Niagara Falls, and Mrs. Frank L. Kurtz, of Rochester; two sons, Gordon S., of Banghok, Minn., and Dr. J. R. Morse, of Highland Mills, N. Y., a brother, William Sutherland, of Stoney Creek, Canada, and also grandchildren.

CHARLES FRANKLIN PIPER

Charles Franklin Piper, 140 Home-wood avenue, Hamilton, passed away on Friday, aged 49 years. Deceased had been in poor health for about four months. He was born in Denmark, but had resided in Hamilton practically all his life. In religion the late Mr. Piper was a Presbyterian. He was a member of Hamilton lodge, No. 5, K. of P.; Sigma Temple, D. O. K. E., and of the Street Railway union. For the last 12 years he was a well-known motorman of the Hamilton Street railway. Besides his wife, he leaves to mourn one son, Franklin, at home; one brother, Curt, of St. Ann's Ont., and five sisters, Mrs. B. Swan, of Niagara Falls, Ont.; Mrs. J. Carter, of Chippawa, Ont.; Mrs. A. Horton, Mrs. Oscar Shaw and Miss Leta Piper, all of Niagara Falls, Ont.

BABY ALLEN

Della Jennetta the seven months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howard T. Allen, 49 Depot street, died on Monday and was buried at Woodside, on Tuesday, the Rev. T. E. Richards conducting the services.

DIED

HARE—At St. Joseph's hospital, Hamilton, on Saturday, Nov. 21, 1925, Olivia Jane Hare, widow of the late Walter V. Hare, and mother of Mrs. (Dr) D. Clark, of Grimsby, in her seventy-ninth year.

MOORE'S THEATRE ATTRACTIONS

Wed. Nov. 25th.
"The Only Woman"
with
Norma Talmadge
and
A Comedy

Sat. Nov. 28th.
"The White Desert"
with
Claire Windsor and Pat O'Malley
and
A Comedy

Sun. Nov. 29th.
"The Age of Innocence"
with
Beverly Bayne and Elliot Dexter
and
A Comedy

Wed. Dec. 2nd.
"Pretty Ladies"
with
Evelyn Page, Matt Moore and Ann Pennington
and
A Comedy

You Cannot Afford To Miss

THE OPPORTUNITY YOU HAVE TO PURCHASE SILK AND WOOL HOSIERY IN LADIES', MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S OFFERED THIS WEEK.

Ladies' Plain Black and Gray, Camel and Grey, Blue and Gray Hose; Special at 95c

Ladies' Black and Gray, Camel and Gray, Golden Brown and Black Hose, at \$1.25

Ladies' Pure Silk Hose, "Wearwell" quality at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 pair

SEE OUR SPECIAL THIS WEEK AT \$1.00

Men's Silk and Wool Hosiery, 25 dozen lot, all the new shades, regular \$1.00 quality, for 75c

Children's Camel Silk and Wool Hose, 75c to \$1 all sizes

GREAT BARGAINS IN UNDERWEAR ALL LINES THIS WEEK

May we have the pleasure of showing you this merchandise?

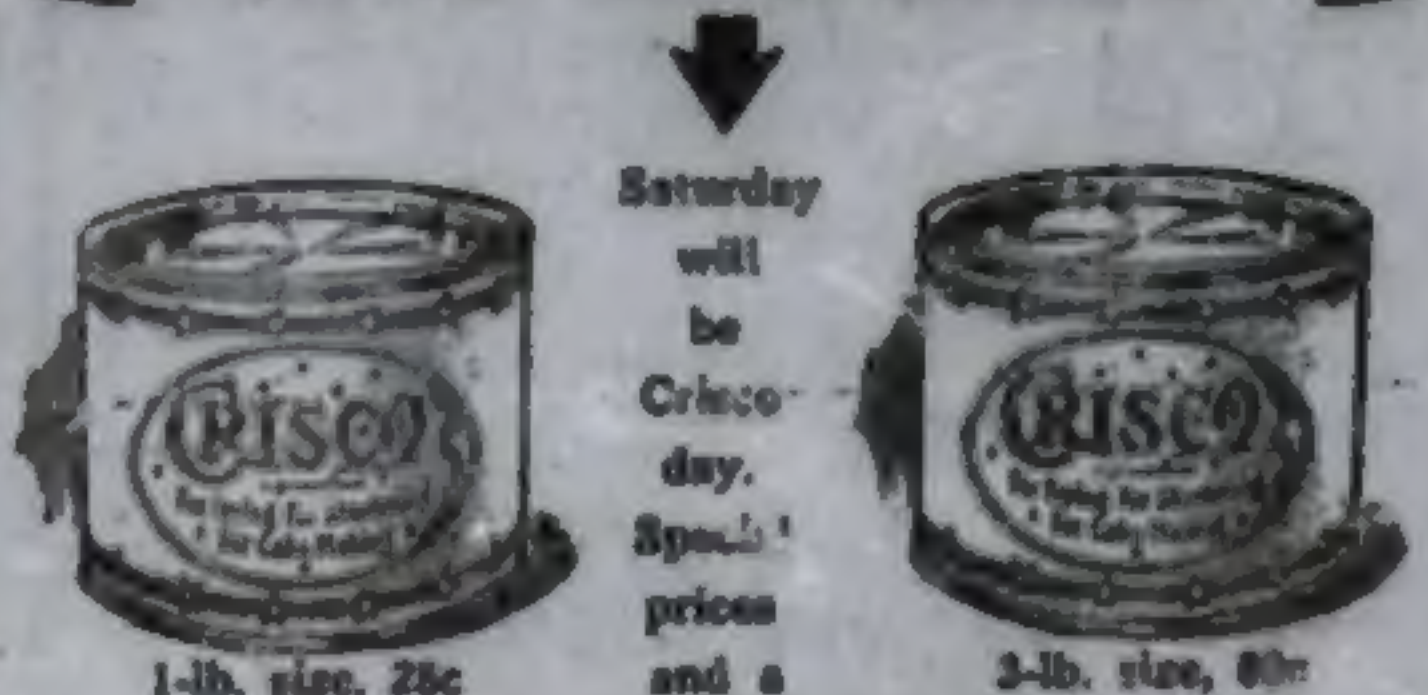
A. F. HAWKE

THE WHITE STORE "THAT SAVES YOU MONEY"

LADIES' WINTER UNDERWEAR—55c and up
LADIES' FLANNEL NIGHTGOWNS—98c and up
SILK SCARFS \$1.25
FLANNEL DRESSES \$2.50
Pure Wool Sweaters \$3.00 up
FELT HATS, to clear \$2.49
Boys' Pullover Sweaters, \$1.25 up
Boys' Tweed Pants \$1.25
MEN'S OVERCOATS in the latest style, regular \$18.00, \$18.50
for CHILDREN'S WINTER COATS with fur collar, \$4.95 and up
OPEN EVENINGS PHONE 420

THEAL BROS.

"FIVE SPEAKING"



COOK BOOK FREE

with each purchase of a tin of CRISCO.

On Saturday afternoon a salesman will be in the store to explain the uses of CRISCO.

PEACHADE—10 ONLY—14-oz. Jar—20c

10 4-lb. Tins JAM—50c

each 50c

UPTON'S PLUM JAM—19c

3-lb. Jar 80c

COCOA, bulk—

2 LBS. for 19c

HAVACUP TEA—

Per lb. 80c

Coupons in each package, when you get 12 Coupons you have your choice of a piece of Aluminum ware.

Phone 5 for Quality and Service
WE ARE NOT SATISFIED UNLESS YOU ARE!

RADIO.

The Westinghouse 55 is spoken of as "the small set with the big kick." This set has only three tubes but delivers equal results to many of the five-tube sets. This is largely due to the fact that the first tube is used twice and the third tube is a power tube developed by the Westinghouse Company.

This set may be seen at the Auto Electric Battery Service, Grimsby.

K. E. WHYTE
AUTHORIZED WESTINGHOUSE RADIO DEALER
Telephone 222, or Winona 21
Also Agent for the famous Burgess B. Batteries

THE Third Volume OF PAGE LETTERS

The important third volume of the famous Walter H. Page Letters is now ready. It's quite as fascinating as the earlier volumes.

May we send you a copy?

Mont. Duncan & Co. STATIONERS
James Street and Market Squares
HAMILTON
Phone Regent 502

MOSE AROUND

In your Attic and Cellar; spend an hour making an inventory of the things you find that are worth less than "ready money" would be worth; write descriptions of each of the articles in a series of "FOR SALE" ADS. and "turn them into money."

ADVERTISE YOUR WANTS

FOR SALE OR RENT

TO RENT—Furnished room; suitable for young lady. P.O. Box 427, Grimsby.

TO RENT—Modern equipped house, 8 rooms, large garden plot, 37 Mountain street. Reasonable rent. Phone 192, Grimsby.

FOR SALE—Snows, Kings, Greenings, Baldwins, Russes cheap; baled straw. Jas. A. Livingston, Grimsby.

HOT WATER FURNACE FOR SALE—Too small for present premises; also 3 carloads wood arriving first of week. Hotel Grimsby, phone 478.

VICTROLA FOR SALE—Victrola, with records. T. B. Taylor, phone 253, Grimsby.

FOR SALE—Auto Hoosier Knitter complete with bobbins and winder, \$10 if sold by Saturday. 84 ring 2, Grimsby.

FOR SALE—7 York Pigs 6 weeks old, \$3.00 each. G. C. Ingram, Beamsville, rural route 2.

FOR SALE—Young pigs, ready to go away the end of the week. G. L. Book, phone 346, Grimsby.

FOR SALE—Cedar posts, all sizes from 15c up. Have no use for horse during winter, do you want him for his work. T. Liddle, phone 47, Grimsby.

LOST

LOST—Boston Bulldog, answers to "Snuffy." Liberal reward if returned to 16 Mountain street, phone 228.

KEY FOUND—Yale lock key found on Main street. Apply Independent and pay for this Advt.

WANTED

WANTED—Team of horses, about 1250 lbs., to work for their keep, for the winter. Smithville Creamery.

WANTED—Fresh milk cow, Holstein preferred. Phone 192, Grimsby.

WANTED—A fresh Jersey cow. P. J. Jordan, Grimsby East, phone 177 ring 11.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL at once. Apply Village Inn.

MISCELLANEOUS

THE BEAMSVILLE CIDER MILL will run every day of the week except Mondays and Saturdays. Phone 106 ring 4, C. J. Crooks & Co.

STRAYED—To the farm of Thos. Gagnon, Park Mountain, on Saturday evening last, red roan heifer, about two years old. Owner to pay for this notice. Phone 293 ring 11.

Lost!

FOX TERRIER DOG, white with black markings, left ear black. Had a leather strap for collar; answers to name of "Nibs."

A liberal reward will be paid for return of this dog, or information leading to recovery. Any person detaining him after this notice will be prosecuted.

ALBERT MARSH

Phone No. 10 :: Grimsby

A JOB FOR YOU

\$6 to \$10 Daily

50 MEN WANTED. No previous experience necessary. Write for 40-page Free Book which explains how you can earn while learning to work in city and town shops as Auto Mechanic, Engineer, Electrical, Battery or Welding Expert, Chauffeur, Salesman, etc. Also Bricklaying, Plastering, Mechanical Drafting and Barbing. Don't die a laborer. WRITE NOW, which job? Address HEMPHILL Government Chartered Trade School, Free Employment Service, 163 King St. W., Toronto.

NUMBERNINES

Have won their success by proving their claim in actual test. More and more people justifiably unwilling to adopt any new preparation without investigating it thoroughly, are now using "NUMBERNINES." The people have entire confidence in "NUMBERNINES" because they are so dependable and thorough in their action—yet absolutely safe—"NUMBERNINES" will relieve and overcome the most obstinate case of constipation. They cause no pain or griping. They are a scientific bowel corrector and one of the most costly prescriptions ever given to the public for this purpose. For sale in Grimsby and Grimsby East by Farrell's Drug Store.

GOOD CONCERT BY GIRL GUIDES

First Grimsby Company Girl Guides held a very successful concert in Moore's Theatre, last Friday evening. The program of drills and campfire songs given by the Guides was well received and called forth encores. The Guides were trained for the drills by one of their own members, Guide Ada Clark, who deserves great credit for her good leadership.

Mrs. Webster, District Guide Commissioner, of Hamilton, was present and gave a short address on the Guide Movement.

Mrs. David Hunter, secretary-treasurer of the local Council of Grimsby Girl Guides, delighted the audience with her rendering of "Land of Hope and Glory." The main part of the program was a Special Guide Film of "Fountains," the world camp in England, where representative Guides from all parts of the world congregated in the summer of 1924; and a comedy picture.

Special mention should be made of the fine new flag of the Grimsby Company which were on display. These were the gifts of Mrs. W. E. Johnson.

SCHOOL REPORT

Report of senior room. The figures in parentheses indicate the number of subjects failed on—

Senior fourth: Max. marks, 1100—Honors—Grace Ball, 813. Pass—Ina Burdick, 803; Lucy Scott, 794; Vera Kunkle, 781 (1); Jack Porter, 766; Libbie Ellis, 759 (1); Owen Taylor, 682 (2). Fail—Gladys Dyball 485 (4). Junior fourth: Max. marks 11—Pass—Beverly Black, 416 (1). Fail—Clifford Simpson, 354; Frank Thorpe, 375 (1); Erlend Southward, 317 (2); Clarence Thorpe, 317 (4).

Senior third: Max. marks 800—Honors—Mary Bull, 517. Pass—Pauline Reid, 574; Evelyn Ellis, 533 (1); Clara Kunkle, 498; Nell Hishon, 481. Fail—Dorothy Taylor, 479 (2); John Stewart, 432 (2); Harland Stewart, 432; Winifred Warwick, 431 (1); Wardell Scott, 401 (1).

Junior third: Max. marks 800—Pass—Madeline Goldring, 551 (1); Barbara Stone, 548; Marguerite Cranfield, 512 (1); Charlie Goldring, 507 (1); Ashley Edmund, 496 (1); Betty Andrews, 483; Harry Chaswell, 461 (1). Fail—Ethel Vance, 445 (1); Alma Hammond, 417; Joan Sweet, 415 (1); David Howell, 391 (1); Howard Hoffman, 385 (3).

WANTS TO KNOW

The following letter appears in the Toronto Globe, of Wednesday, Nov. 18:

"The Fraying Minders"

"To the Editor of The Globe: I notice in your paper an announcement of a meeting of many clergymen at Grimsby. The reason given was for prayer and asking for guidance. A list of names of many of these men was given, and the writer recognizes among them those who were most active in the robbery of the Presbyterian people of their property. And the thought arises, what form will their praying take? Will they pray for forgiveness for the property taken? And, if so, do they expect to be forgiven and still hold the fruits? And if they do not repent and make reparation as much as possible, how can they expect their prayers to be heard?"

Bala, Ont. Thomas Burgess.

LIFE MEMBER

Mrs. Charles Walker was made the recipient of a life membership of the Baptist Women's Missionary Society, of Ontario, by the Mission Band and friends of the Baptist church, at an open meeting of the Band on Wednesday evening last. Mrs. Walker has been an indefatigable worker in the local organization for a number of years, and her friends took this opportunity of showing their appreciation. The presentation was made by Mr. Norton, the address being read by Florence Living. A good program was rendered by the members of the Mission Band and 60 slides illustrative of Mission work in India, were thrown upon the screen. Mrs. W. H. Cline giving a description of each picture.

GRIMSBY WOMAN ON COMMITTEE

St. Catharines, Nov. 17.—Dr. Claude A. Neison, of Welland Avenue United Church, was unanimously appointed president of the first executive of the Young People's societies of the Niagara presbytery today. Other officers elected were: Honorary president, Rev. C. D. Draper, Niagara Falls; vice-president, Edwin Barrett, Fort Colborne; convener Christian fellowship department, Ross Springer, Tipton; convener Christian missions department, Miss Adele Brown, Pontchartr; convener citizenship department, Harold Herliem, Niagara Falls; convener literary and recreation department, Miss Ruth Walker, Grimsby; secretary-treasurer, H. D. Maclellan, St. Catharines.

LIGHTS ON ALL IN WENTWORTH

County Council Has Passed Bylaw That Local Residents Should Be Kept On.

Lincoln County Council is beginning over passing a bylaw requiring lights on all vehicles, but it is well for residents of the west end of the county to know that they must have lights when they cross the township into Wentworth, for so does the law will be strictly adhered to in Wentworth. The following dispatch is self-explanatory:

Dundas, Nov. 20.—The Wentworth county bylaw requiring all horse-drawn vehicles being equipped with lights when traveling the county roads after dark comes into effect on December 1, and for ignoring the regulations, an offender is liable for a fine up to \$50. Reeve Moss and Deputy Reeve Mahony, Dundas, representatives on the county council, desire to express on local merchants and other owners of horses that the new law applies just as much inside the town as in any part of the county. Dundas is a part of the county and is governed by all its laws. The fact that the bylaw mentions highways does not specially mean the main traveled roads of the county, but all thoroughfares within its boundaries.

RETURNS FROM TRIP TO ENGLAND

William Chivers who has just returned from an extended visit to England, his old home, had most a splendid trip, but found everything much changed from when he left it some nineteen years ago. Mr. Chivers also visited Wembley and found there a true picture of Grimsby, with its beautiful peach orchards and apple orchards true to their harvest time. But Mr. Chivers met many people who did not believe that such a picture ever saw reality. Let us hope these pictures and displays as naturally given at Wembley, will induce the Garden of Canada to put the actual thing on their market.

DO YOUR BRITISH MAILING EARLY

"Mail your Old Country Christmas gifts early and save disappointment to sender and receiver," is the advice the post office department gives to the public in urging them to post their Christmas parcels early this season. There is only about a week left for mail to catch the boats for the Christmas delivery abroad.

Kidney and Liver Trouble Disappeared



MR. GEORGE V. DALTON
43 Dalhousie St., BRANTFORD, ONT.
I had kidney and liver trouble for five years. At times I felt as if I could hardly walk and tried numerous remedies and medicines, but failed to get any relief.

Then I heard about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I bought a bottle. After I had taken a few doses of this medicine I found my feet relieved, I continued taking the medicine until I had reached three bottles, then my kidney and liver trouble left me entirely. I gained nine pounds from the time I started on the first bottle.

I am very grateful to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and have recommended it to a good number of people. I certainly would advise anyone suffering from kidney or liver trouble to try this medicine, and with a few days of it I am sure they will find relief.

REMEMBER!—All druggists are authorized to sell

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS
on our positive guarantee of satisfaction or your money back. You risk nothing by giving this startling preparation a trial. 75c a bottle — 6 bottles \$4.00

DEATH RATE IN SALTFLUET TWP.

Stoney Creek, Nov. 21.—In his annual report to the department of public health, Dr. F. Green, medical officer of health for Saltfleet, states that for the year ending November 15, there were 153 cases of communicable diseases in Saltfleet, with only one death, this being caused by diphtheria. The death rate per 1,000 of population was 4.2, compared with 4.9 in 1924. The total expenditure for health work, including hospital and sanatorium charges was \$2,123, as compared with \$2,908 last year.

Dr. Green reports that at present general health conditions in the township are extra good. Mild outbreaks of mumps and chickenpox have developed among the children of S. S. No. 11 and Fruitland, respectively, but these are well under control. Scarlet fever has disappeared completely.

W. C. T. U.

A meeting of W. C. T. U. will be held in the Sunday School room, of the Baptist Church, on Tuesday, Dec. 1st, at 2 p.m.

Mrs. Ella A. Book, of Brooklyn, N.Y., former vice-president of the National Women's Christian Temperance union, and prominent club woman and suffragist, has been chosen president of the National union by unanimous vote of the Fifty-first annual convention.

LAST TOLL ROAD

Burns, Nov. 21.—The Burns-Vernice Highway, believed to be the last remaining toll road in Ontario and possibly in Canada on which the old toll system prevails, is to pass out of existence as a toll road following a resolution passed by the shareholders at a meeting here yesterday. The toll road has been in existence since 1862.

AND HE KNOWS!

St. Thomas, Nov. 20.—Addressing the officers and members of the Southern Ontario Highways association at the annual banquet this evening, Hon. George H. Henry, minister of highways, commended the organization in the work it is doing in boosting the Lake Erie-North Shore trail among United States tourists. He said it was hard to over-estimate the value of advertising Ontario. He knew of no district where there was greater variety of attractions or more character than here. It was the appearance of settled industry, the sound prosperity in rural Ontario that appealed to American visitors, he said.

S. L. Squires, deputy minister, also spoke.

WILL DEDICATE NEW I.O.O.F. HALL

Next Wednesday, Dec. 2, at 8 p.m., the new hall of Grimsby lodge, No. 285 I.O.O.F., at 25 Main street west, will be dedicated.

The ceremonies will be conducted by Grand Master Brigadier General A. E. Ross, of Kingston, Grand Secretary William Brooks, of Toronto, Deputy Grand Master Guy G. Lake, of Hamilton, and Past Grand Master C. H. Mann, of Hamilton, the latter as director of ceremonies.

St. Catharines Odd Fellows have signified their intention of attending in large numbers and it is expected Beamsville and Hamilton will supply large quotas.

ELECTION TALK

With Saltfleet electing an extra deputy-reve in January political disputes are busy. It is thought that Acting-Reeve Chaswell will be opposed for the reevehip, and, if this is the case, the township will supply next year's warden, as it is customary for the chairman of the roads and bridges committee to follow into the warden's chair. As for the remainder of the township council, it is taken for granted that "B.H." Pease will run for reeve, Arthur Sand, second deputy and Herb Glover for third deputy. J. H. McManis is mentioned as a new councillor, and Mr. Shuttler, of the west end, is another likely entry.

KLING—BEAKS

On Saturday, Nov. 14, in the Church of the Ascension, Hamilton, by Rev. Dr. Baileigh, Gertrude Alice, daughter of A. P. Baileigh and the late Mrs. Baileigh, of St. Catharines, was to Mr. William Kling, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Kling, of Ottawa.

ORDINATION

Stoney Creek, Nov. 24.—An impressive service was held in the United Church of Stoney Creek, on Sunday morning when elders of the church were ordained, the ceremony being in charge of Rev. D. H. McKinnon, of Chatham. The elders were W. N. Langton, I. D. Marshall, J. J. Brown,

Alfred Nicholson, J. J. Morrison, Fred, along with J. H. Jackson, J. Mitchell and D. H. McLeod, formerly ordained as elders of the Presbyterian church.

It is expected that Prof. Reynolds, of Oneida, will be one of the speakers.

WINNERS

OPENING MEETING

W. A. Milne, president, announces a special meeting of the Stoney Creek Literary society on Thursday evening next, November 26, when an entertainment will be provided in the interests of the agricultural school. Mr. Milne states that this will not be the opening of the society for this season, but assures the community that a change; first and second to money and splendid program is being arranged, first in eggs.

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SOME GOOD SALAD DRESSINGS

"It takes more than an egg-beater to make dressing," we are assured by an expert cook, who goes on to say that true mayonnaise salad dressing is an uncooked dressing made with yolk of egg, oil, acid and seasonings. It is a heavy dressing and more desirable for luncheon or party salads than for dinner salads unless the salad is playing an important part in the dinner menu.

There are many variations to mayonnaise. It is combined with whipped cream for fruit salads. Vegetables are added. Chili sauce and tomato catsup change mayonnaise materially for a dressing for salad greens.

Mayonnaise Dressing

One teaspoon salt, 1-4 teaspoon mustard, 1-2 teaspoon powdered sugar, few grains cayenne pepper, 1 egg yolk, 1 tablespoon vinegar, 1 tablespoon lemon juice, 1 cup salad oil, 1 teaspoon boiling water.

The bowl in which the dressing is to be mixed should be chilled, but not too cold, as too cold a bowl will cause the dressing to curdle. The oil and acid should be chilled and so should the egg yolk. The bowl can be placed in a pan of crushed ice and water while mixing the dressing, if convenient.

Mix and sift salt, sugar, mustard and pepper into bowl. Add lemon juice and beat until thoroughly blended using a silver fork or a wheel egg beater. Add oil drop by drop, beating constantly until 1 tablespoon of oil has been added. Then add 1 teaspoonful of oil at a time beating thoroughly after each addition of oil. When the dressing becomes very thick, slowly beat in the vinegar. If all the oil is not in beat in remaining oil. Beat in boiling water.

It will take from 10 to 20 minutes to make this dressing.

Be sure that all the ingredients are at near the same temperature as it's possible to have them and add the oil slowly at first. These two precautions insure against separating or curdling the dressing of mayonnaise.

However, if the dressing should curdle in spite of you take another egg yolk in a fresh, chilled bowl and slowly beat in the curdled dressing. Add the dressing a drop at a time at first, beating constantly. The regular and thorough beating will make the dressing smooth as it should be.

Some cooks work the dry ingredients and vinegar into a crushed hard-boiled egg yolk before adding the uncooked yolk. This makes a richer dressing. The white of the hard-boiled egg can be finely minced and added to dressing when it is finished.

Russian Dressing

One cup mayonnaise, 1 tablespoon minced green pepper, 1 tablespoon minced chives or ground onion, 6 tablespoons chili sauce.

Add pepper and chives to mayonnaise and gradually beat in the chili sauce. Beat thoroughly and serve at once.

Thousand Island Dressing

One cup mayonnaise, 4 tablespoons salad oil, 1 tablespoon tarragon vinegar, 1 tablespoon minced chives, 1 tablespoon minced parsley, 2 tablespoons minced gherkins, 5 tablespoons chili sauce.

Slowly beat the oil into the dressing. Then beat in vinegar. When thoroughly blended add remaining ingredients and beat enough to mix well. As the taste of the oil is not so pronounced in mayonnaise as in French dressing a good vegetable or nut oil can be substituted for olive oil.

To lighten a mayonnaise dressing the white of egg is beaten until stiff and folded into 1 cup of mayonnaise just before serving. This also "stretches" the dressing in an emergency.

Cream Dressing

One cup mayonnaise, 1-2 cup whipping cream.

The mustard should be omitted from the dressing, and the sugar increased to 1 or 2 teaspoonfuls. Whip cream with salt. Fold into dressing and serve at once.

Butter, olive oil can be finely minced and added with minced pickles to mayonnaise.

One to 1 1/2 tablespoonfuls of chutney sauce makes another variation.

Whipped cream and ground horseradish added in the proportion of 3 tablespoons cream to one cup of mayonnaise makes a delicious dressing. More vinegar or lemon juice may be wanted to suit one's taste.

Mayonnaise will keep a long time in a cold place so the women whose husbands are prone to bring home a dinner guest unexpectedly will find a bowl of mayonnaise tucked away in the refrigerator an ever-urgent help when needed now.

Education the Bridge From East to West

"Education is the great level," as well as the uplifter of women. It makes real sisters out of the Colonel Lady and Judy O'Grady."

This, according to a New York writer, is the opinion of Grace Thompson, author, organizer and feminist who was one of the leaders in the recent fight for suffrage, whose interest in feminism and women's problems generally did not abate when the vote was secured.

She has just returned from India which finished a three year's survey she has made of the Oriental woman, spending a year each in India, China and Egypt.

"Of these countries I found the Egyptian woman most advanced in politics and in social work," she told me. "She is most like the occidental woman in her viewpoint and her method of approach to a situation. The Egyptian women are highly educated and have been political fighters."

"I found the women of China remarkably progressive in a substantial way. Since 1912 when the Chinese republic accorded them equal citizenship with men and let them unbind their feet, they have made astonishing progress in the professions and in civic life."

"The mother of the household in China has always been important. She has no inferiority complex to combat. She never loses control of her children. Age there is respected and honored. Therefore, women are used to ruling and dominating in a small domain and have only to extend their borders. They already have the qualities of executives."

The women of India have made the least progress, she finds, due largely, she believes, to the caste system which prevails and keeps both sexes bound by insurmountable barriers.

"Also, the marriage customs which betroth little girls of five years of age or less, and which are responsible for there being 300,000 Hindu widows in India under 15 and more than 1,000,000 girl wives not more than 10 years old, keeps the status of women down," says Mrs. Thompson.

"But in spite of this condition the hope of India lies in its women. In her home service the women of India is as true as steel, constant to the end and absolutely dependable and unselfish. These are marvelous traits to give to the service of her state when it is ready to grant her the privilege of serving it."


"Only a few women of India are in the professions, and practically none in business. There are a few lawyers and doctors and more teachers, but these represent an infinitesimal proportion of the women of that empire, and only a very small percentage of the educated women. Only about 5 per cent. are educated to the point of being able to read and write. But they show that the seeds of feminism are sprouting."

Her extensive travels taught her that when you get a group of educated women together in any oriental country, you have practically the same type of educated women we have in America or Europe.

"The barriers which keep women apart," she concludes, "are not geographical or social, but are a matter of mental development. Give women all over the world equal educational advantages and East and West will meet."

Rustproof Washboiler

If the inside of the wash boiler is rubbed with soap while it is still warm, it will not rust, and it will help make suds when filled on the next washing day.



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Oft Repeated But To Some Always Useful

Many a housewife knows that the removal of stains, caused by fruit, ink, vegetable, etc., from clothing, is one of the most perplexing problems of the home laundry. So p and heat not many stains, says Miss May Keith, extension specialist in clothing, at South Dakota State College, and for this reason stains should be removed before textiles are washed.

Coffee and fruit stains may be removed with boiling water. Spread the stained part over a bowl and pour boiling water from a height so as to strike the stain with force. Some will come more stubborn stains.

Wash fresh grass stains out with cold water.

Ink and iron rust may be removed with salt and lemon. The garment is then laid in the hot sun. Ink will often come out by smacking the stained cloth in milk.

Alcohol will absorb medicine stains. Milder will wash out easily in cold water if the stain is fresh and has not attached the fiber. Otherwise use Javelle Water and then wash in hot water. Often milder may be removed by soaking the cloth over night in sweet or sour milk.

Blood or egg stains may be washed out in cold water or with ammonia soap and warm water. Hot water sets the stain.

Cream and meat juices may be removed by using warm water and naphtha soap.

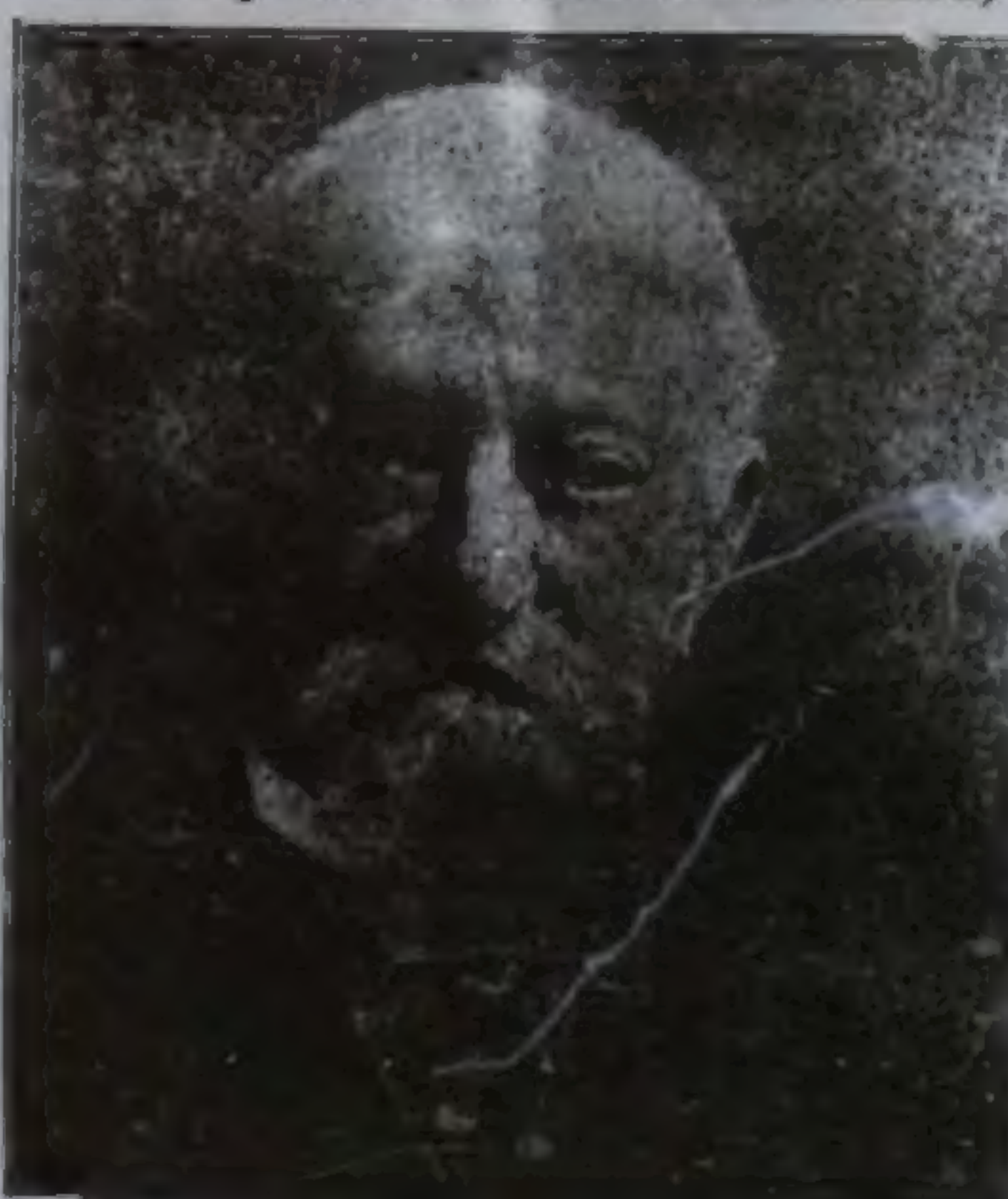
Push point stains on washable material are often taken out with soap and water. It is often desirable to soften an old paint stain with lard and then use gasoline or turpentine.

To Clean Brass

Brass taps and door fittings may be cleaned with powdered bathbrick mixed to a paste with a little paraffin or oil of turpentine. After cleaning, if rubbed over with a little vasoline, outside brass does not tarnish so quickly. If desirous of saving labor, it is a good plan to paint brass taps with black cycle enamel. The tape should be cleaned, then washed over with hot soda water and well dried before painting on the enamel. This wears off in time, but it is an easy matter to re-enamel taps, and much less trouble than the constant cleaning of the brass.

Lacquered brass should never be cleaned with a polish. Rub it with a leather, and if very dirty wash with soap and water, but never use soda in the water, as it is apt to remove the lacquer. Indian brass ornaments and trays should be cleaned with powdered bathbrick and lemon. Rub the lemon juice over the bathbrick, and use the squeezed rind also for rubbing the brass. Wash the lemon off with hot water, dry the ornaments well, then place them in the sun or before a fire. A final rub with a leather here we may put the telltale fragrance or piece of old flannel makes the brass as bright as gold.

Grew Up With Canadian Pacific Railway



Mr. O'Brien, vice-president in charge of finance, C.P.R., whose 61st birthday was celebrated October 10th, is still to be found any day at his desk at the Montreal headquarters of the company, as full of energy and vigor as many a man half his age. He was born in New York, October 10th, 1864, and was educated in local schools. He moved to Canada in 1880, subsequently entering the local banking firm of Fisk and Hatch. He entered railway service as a messenger and clerk with the Chicago and Pacific Railway in 1881, and was auditor of the same road from 1886 to 1891. Joining the C.P.R. in 1891, he was auditor of the Western Division with headquarters at Winnipeg in 1893. He was promoted to a similar position in Montreal as auditor for the C.P.R. in 1893. His last rise was in 1897 to controller. Since December, 1901, he has been vice-president.

KING GEORGE'S BIBLE READING

Keeping a promise he made to his mother in 1881, King George of England makes it a daily practice to read one chapter in the Bible. It would be interesting to know what system of selection he has employed, but this information is not forthcoming. If he has then the chapters of the Authorized Version in their regular sequence, he must have read it through from Genesis to Revelation thirteen times and a bit about the thirty-first chapter of Isaiah on the fourteenth time. The calculation allows him a few days off for holidays and the like. At this rate it takes a little more than two years and six months to get through the Old Testament alone and three years sixty-four days to get through both Testaments.

It is not likely, of course, that anybody would find the greatest pleasure in reading it that way, although it might be done once for the satisfaction of a reader who derives from knowing he has done it. It is far more probable that, like most practical Bible readers, the King has preferred to pick out the passages that have pleased him best or interested him most and has read them over and over again.

It was a good habit which Queen Alexandra inspired in her son. However, unfortunately such a task may be performed on many days, there will be those when the majestic prose and more majestic poetry of the Book of Kings will sound trumpet calls which will be the most august emotion marching. The person who starts out to read a chapter a day and keeps it up will soon find himself reading more chapters but whole books, and will be the better for it.

In these days the Bible ought to be read for kings. For an English king, the English version should be especially good reading. It is so superbly bound up with the language as to speak that no man could separate the one from the other if he tried.—New York Sun.

Onion Tips

After prying onions wash the hands in cold water. Hot water acts like an ally to the odor of onions and seems to wash it in rather than off the hands. If the knife which has been used in preparation of onions is given a cold-water scrubbing, the onion smell will dissipate with much less trouble than if hot water are used.

The odor that clings to pans in which onions have been cooked can be removed by getting in wood ashes and water, letting the pan stay on the fire till it has boiled briskly. After the pan is washed with soap and water and rinsed, you will be pleased to find that the persistent and unwelcome smell has been conquered.

Onions are so persistent in breaths as in pans and on hands. But even here we may put the telltale fragrance to rest by simply chewing a little parsley or fresh-ground coffee.

'New Yorkers Dance to Music of Head Hunters'



DAN GREGORY

Let it run, let it run, the coffee is the coffee, the coffee is the coffee, the coffee is the coffee.

Strain Straight From Jungle Enliven Laxative Drinkers

New York City.—Straight from the jungle with no steps on steps comes the music played by Dan Gregory's band.

Mr. Gregory, who leads an orchestra at the Crystal Palace, one of the largest dancing places in the world, plays an odd imitation of the jungle music that has been the talk of the town. It is a new thing. It was brought to this country as a novelty, recently by Captain Frank Barker, American, who has been in the jungle for some time. He is the owner of the Crystal Palace, where the music is played. It is the sound and smell of the jungle that has been the talk of the town.

Not Even Tamed

Mr. Gregory took the music to the Crystal Palace, where it is played every night. The music is that of the jungle, and it is the sound and smell of the jungle that has been the talk of the town.

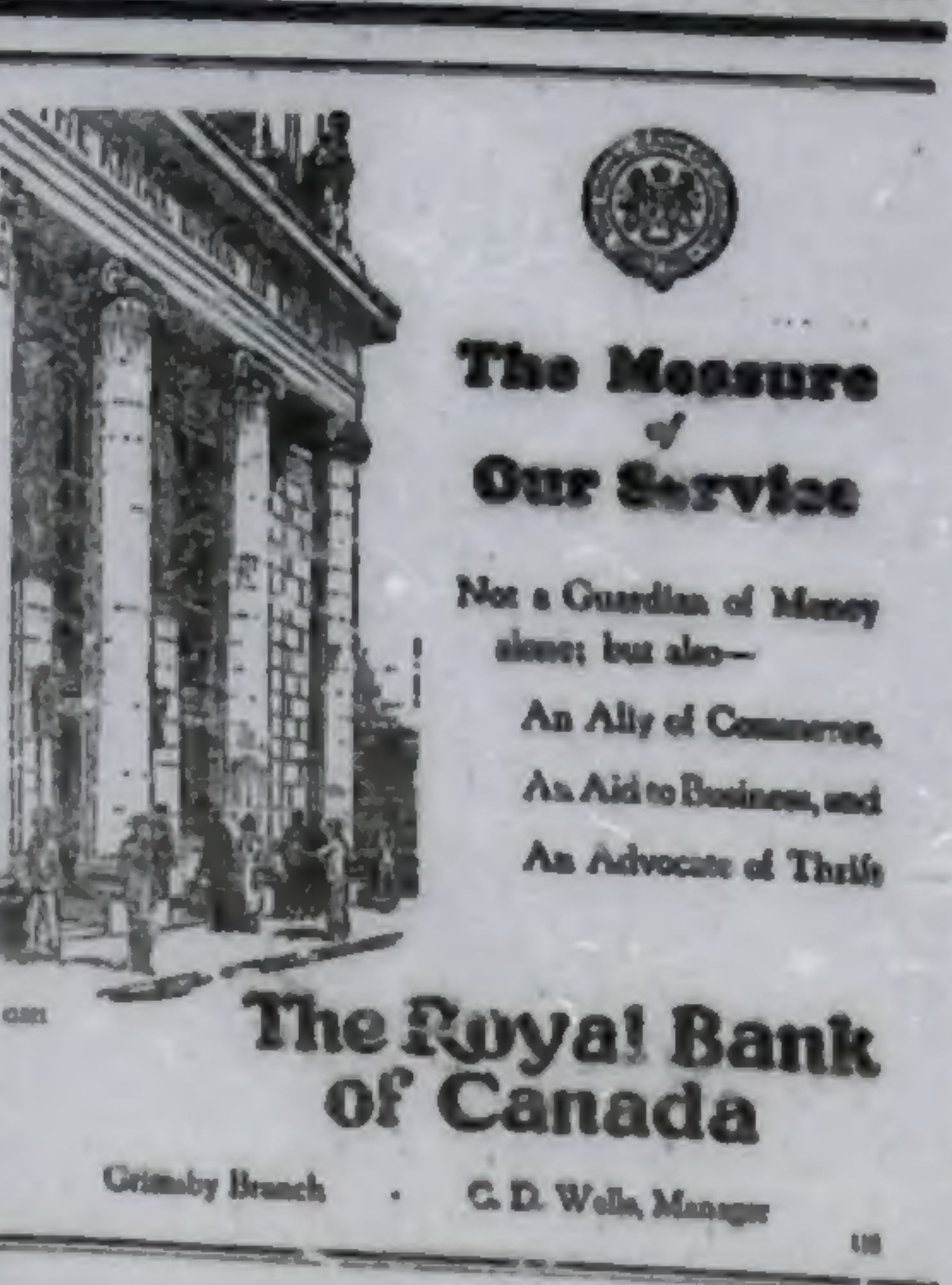
the music of the jungle is the music of the jungle. It is the sound and smell of the jungle that has been the talk of the town.

It is really a great piece of music. It is the sound and smell of the jungle that has been the talk of the town.



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ADVERTISING PAYS

DO YOU EVER BURN MONEY?

A day in September—a cold damp mist covering the country after weeks of fine dry hot weather—the smell of smoke in the air becoming stronger—the flakes of ash falling: “I wonder where the smoke is coming from,” the farmer remarks to his son. “Oh, I guess Tom Jones is burning his pea stack,” the son replies, “and Fred Bell has an alkali stack he wants to burn the first wet day.” And then the conversation drops. Nothing worth mentioning, merely a good many dollars worth of valuable material going up in smoke.

During a twelve mile drive last September the writer counted eight stacks burning, each representing on an average about ten to fifteen loads of pea and alkali straw. Taking a ton as a load that would represent as many tons of straw. From eighty to one hundred and twenty tons of the material which our soils needs most, going up in smoke in a distance of twelve miles. I wondered how general this was in the province and whether the acres were being duplicated in other localities.

Of course, there is an excuse sometimes for burning a stack. If the crop were full of weeds and the straw with weed seeds, then it might be excusable. But even then, we know that the separator nowadays takes most of the seeds from the straw and the greater part of them will be found in the grain or under the mill where they can be gathered up and burned. Supposing there were some seeds in the stack, with proper handling they could be rendered harmless.

Soil Needs Fibre

The great need of Ontario soils is organic matter—not only of Ontario but of the whole country. I recently heard a practical farmer say of Manitoba farms, “In many cases they have worked the fibre clear out of the soil.” By “fibre” he meant what is spoken of generally as organic matter.

Organic matter—decayed and decaying plant residues—is the great storehouse of nitrogen in the soil. Besides nitrogen it also contains all the elements which a growing plant requires. And when plant material decays the plant food contained in it can be used much more readily by another growing plant than if it had to be obtained directly from the soil. In other words the plant food is more available.

The beneficial physical effect of organic matter on the soil is well known also. A clay soil lacking it becomes stiff and hard to work. It puddles badly in dry weather, bakes and cracks. As a result it dries out and crops suffer. Since it packs tightly the plant does not thrive, for the feeding area is restricted. It cannot secure enough food or water to produce a good yield. Supply plenty of organic matter to such soil and the results are quickly seen. The soil is rendered open and friable. It does not puddle in wet weather nor bake and crack in dry. The rainfall does not run off, but soaks in and is held in the top foot of soil where it is most required by plants. The roots penetrate to a greater depth and spread out over a wider area, so that the plant can secure a maximum amount of nourishment. Air penetrates the soil and plant roots require ventilation as much as we do. These benefits are quite important enough without the additional advantage of the increased amount of plant food.

A Home for Bacteria

Now what is the effect on a light soil? The benefit here is largely due to a binding action, preventing drifting to an increased water holding capacity, and to the increase of plant food. The last two are possibly most important. In both cases there is another factor which is very important and that is the need for organic matter to provide energy for bacteria. We consume food to provide, ourselves with energy, we feed horses hay and oats for the same purpose and it is natural that bacteria should require food also. The bacteria in the soil possibly do more to enable us to grow crops than any other factor. They store up nitrogen in the soil—they attack mineral matter and render it available for plants, and we are so dependent on them that if they were not present our fertile soils would become a desert. Few of us realize that there are millions of these microscopic organisms in a piece of soil a quarter inch each way. Even so there is room for lots more—just as much room as there is in a country where settlers are forty miles apart. The more organic matter the more bacteria.

Askes Contains Only Part of Fertility
But what has this to do with burning straw stacks? Just this: If the straw were put on the land and ploughed under in the fall, by spring it will have begun to rot and by the end of summer have formed humus with all the attending benefits that I have described. If weeds are not spread as soon as they are cut so that the weed seeds have a chance to germinate before ploughing. Spread thinly over pastures it will do no harm and will rot down so as not to impede grass growth. It will help retain the snow also and might well serve as

winter protection for fall wheat. Its cold value, however is when it is incorporated in the soil.

“But,” says the man who burns his stack, “I get all the good out of it because I spread the ashes after burning.” He forgets the nitrogen which passes into the air. Sulphur and phosphorus also are largely lost so that all that is in the ash is the rest of the mineral elements. Let us see exactly what there is in the straw and in the ash. Then we can calculate exactly how much a stack is worth according to the plant food contained in it. We will consider pea straw, alkali and wheat straw.

The analysis of these show the following:—

	Nitrogen	Acid	Potash
Pea Straw	2.00	.13	.36
Alkali	2.4	.13	.34
Straw	.65	.01	.12

Calculating the value of the straw merely as to the nitrogen, phosphorus and potash which is added to the soil calculated on the value of their fertilizing constituents, we see a ton of wheat straw to be worth about \$3.50 a ton, pea straw \$7 a ton and alkali straw \$10.50. Multiply these figures by the number of tons burned and the value of the stack will be found. Now can a farmer afford to burn his stack even of wheat straw?

It is to be noted that while considerable value is made up of the actual plant food and can be calculated in actual dollars and cents based on present prices of commercial fertilizers, much more benefit is derived from the physical effect on the soil.

Possibly in closing, the experience of one farmer will be of interest. Last year Mr. Nelson Nurse, South Monaghan Township, threshed peas in the field. The straw was drawn out, scattered over the ground and ploughed under in August. The field was seeded with fall wheat which was cut this season. On the part of the field receiving the pea straw the yield was approximately forty bushels per acre; on the other part it did not run over thirty bushels. The difference in the appearance of the crop was remarkable and though little difference could be seen in the quality of the grain the difference in yield was very noticeable. “Just as good as manure,” Mr. Nurse stated.

Does It Pay to Burn Stacks?

FIRE DOTS

- The time of your hay again arrived when the fire band generally gets in his work. The following don'ts if strictly observed, will beat him at his own game.
- Don't go into stacks looking for clothing with a lighted match.
- Don't throw out frozen water pipes with a torch or lamp.
- Don't allow waste paper, cigarette and rubbish to collect.
- Don't use gasoline for cleaning in a closed room.
- Don't look for gas leaks with a match or lamp.
- Don't allow bare candles near gas lights.
- Don't allow city gas stoves, stoves or about the premises.
- Don't allow candles to be used in cupboards or on floors.
- Don't throw waste paper in a fireplace.
- Don't throw cigarettes or cigars away if lighted.
- Don't keep matches in paper boxes or lying about carelessly.
- Don't use snapping parlor matches taken from them.
- Don't forget that matches are the beginning of many confusions.
- Don't hang your clothes on gas stoves.
- Don't fill oil lamps after dark and never when lighted.
- Don't allow rubbish in hallways or in fire escapes.
- Don't burn leaves or dead grass on a windy day.
- Don't forget to have the chimneys of your home cleaned.
- Don't fail to look twice at everything that looks like fire.

SKINNY MEN Run Down Men Nervous Men DON'T MISS THIS

You're behind the times if you don't know that Cod Liver Extract is one of the greatest flesh producers in the world. Because it contains more vitalizing vitamins than any food you can get. You'll be glad to know that McCoy's Cod Liver Extract Tablets come in sugar coated form now, so if you really want to put 10 or 20 pounds of solid, healthy flesh on your bones and feel well and strong and have a complexion that people will admire—ask any druggist for a box of McCoy's Cod Liver Extract Tablets. Only 60 cents for 60 tablets and if you don't gain five pounds in 30 days your druggist is authorized to hand you back the money you paid for them. It isn't anything unusual for a person to gain 10 pounds in 30 days, and for old people with feebleness overtaking them they work wonders.

APPLE MARKET IN MONTREAL

The annual meeting of the Quebec Horticultural and Fruit Growing Society was held the first week of November instead of the first week of December as has been the custom. This change was due to the fact that the apple show was being held under the auspices of the society in Montreal at that time. A good attendance was recorded and it is likely that the new arrangement will be continued.

President Geo. Mahoux, Quebec, officiated as chairman at the several sessions. Among the speakers who dealt with the problems of the orchard were Prof. F. G. Sears of Amherst, Mass.; J. A. Ste. Marie of St. Anne de la Pointe; Prof. Bunting, Macdonald College, and Rev. F. Leopold of the Oka Agricultural Institute.

New Brunswick can at present supply only half of the local demand for apples although there are several districts well suited for orcharding. Mr. A. G. Turner, Provincial Horticulturist attributes this failure to hold the home market to the number of summer and fall varieties that have been planted to lack of marketing organization. The planting of standard varieties such as McIntosh and the later ripening sorts will place the growers in a better position. Shipments are made out of the province mostly to Montreal where as high as 20,000 barrels were sold in one season. The Department of Agriculture is urging that fewer varieties be planted and in this they have succeeded to the extent that last spring only about half a dozen sorts were in demand and about seventy-five per cent of the total was McIntosh. Growers are learning from the mistakes of fifty years ago when unsuitable varieties were planted and no provision made for marketing.

No large orchards are being planted now and there are not likely to be extensive plantings in the near future. It is more desirable, Mr. Turner thinks, to have a slower development on smaller lines.

Best Quality in Demand

As a representative of the apple dealers in Montreal Mr. J. A. McElroy gave an outline of what the trade expected from the growers. There has been, he said, a surplus of apples all through the present season, making it difficult to effect sales. Men from outside points who are looking for a market under such conditions would do well to look around the city, and find what the requirements of the buying public are, especially in regard to packages. In the old days the barrel went without question, now the demand is for boxes, baskets or baskets. Then too the growers of Ontario and Quebec need to improve their packing and send out inferior varieties. There is no need of producing poor sorts such as Ben Davis when such high quality apples as McIntosh and Fameuse can be grown in Quebec, King in Nova Scotia, Idaho in and Spy in Ontario.

Given choice fruit and suitable packages there is enough high class trade in Montreal to consume all the apples produced in Quebec. The dealers will find no difficulty in pushing sales.

Mr. Robt. Brodie who was an apple grower until the expansion of the city of Montreal turned his orchard into building sites, had been accustomed to barrels and even now when he has to buy his domestic supply he chooses the barrel as being cheaper and safer from pilfering on roads.

Mr. G. E. McIntosh, Dominion Fruit Commissioner explained the purpose of the half boxes which were on display at the show. So far it is only a suggestion and has no official recognition. Enquiries made some years ago brought out the fact that only one out of every fifty-two city buyers took in larger quantity than a gallon. The half-box is an attempt to meet this demand of people who have no storage place.

Montreal Takes 1000 Carloads

Referring to the extent of the apple trade and the opportunities for development Mr. McIntosh said that the province of Quebec is producing only sixty per cent of the normal consumption of apples in Montreal. The estimated crop of Quebec orchards this year was placed at 10,000 barrels, but a very small percentage came into the Montreal market, only 20 car loads out of the 1,000 carloads required to meet the demand of Montreal consumers. Mr. McIntosh urged on the growers to increase their area of fruit, to follow the advice given by the experts which the Government placed at their disposal, and above all to pro-

KEATING'S KILLS



Keating's LICE AND VERMIN

partly pick and pack their fruit and put it up in such convenient packages, either half boxes or cartons, that the average householder would be enticed to purchase more apples than he does at present.

W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist, in the course of a brief review of the recent Quebec apple show declared that the McIntosh was being very largely produced in the New England states and that the Quebec growers would have to look after their product if they wanted to retain their home market and increase it. While the New England McIntosh was somewhat larger than that in Quebec Mr. Macoun did not think the flavor nor the keeping qualities of it quite so good. The exhibits at the Montreal show were exceptionally fine, and he was glad to see that the prize awards were well distributed over the province, which proved that the soil of Quebec was the best for apple growing of popular varieties.

President George Mahoux, emphasized the need for getting more orchard owners into the Society. There were at least 500 orchard owners in the province and only just over a hundred of them were members. He advocated the appointment of a special officer for the Society who would give advice and secure members. The suggestion was made that another year the show should be held about ten days later in the season, so as to enable the growers to get their harvest before making their selection for exhibition. It was unanimously decided to hold a second show next year. There is a possibility that next year the flower and apple shows will be combined in one attractive exhibition.

A resolution recommending the standardization under the Fruit Act of half a box, dimensions of which are to be arranged by the Fruit Branch, Ottawa, was passed. The name of C. P. Newman will be presented at a suitable meeting of the Canadian Horticultural Council, as a worthy candidate for the Charter Medal.

If you regard antiquity it is the most venerable; if you look at dignity it is the most honorable; if you consider jurisdiction it has the most extended powers.—Cuba.

Quick Relief For Rheumatics

Local Druggists Sell Rheuma on Money-Back Plan

If you suffer from torturing rheumatic pains, swollen, twisted joints, and suffer intensely because your system is full of uric acid, that dangerous poison that makes thousands helpless and kills thousands years before their time, then you need Rheuma, and need it now.

Start taking it today. Rheuma acts at once on kidneys, liver, stomach and blood, and you can sincerely exclaim: "Good riddance to bad rubbish!"

Many people, the most skeptical of skeptics right in the city and in the country hereabouts; bless the day when Farrell's Drug Stores and other good druggists offered Rheuma to the afflicted at a small price and guaranteed money refunded if not satisfied. If you have rheumatism get a bottle of Rheuma today.

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Black CHEWING TOBACCO

Finest quality. Most juicy. Let you always get it fresh, because it's packed in tins.

2 Large Plugs for 25¢



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CHEWING TOBACCO
BITTER - TOUGH - JUICY

Robert's Syrup

of the Extract of Cod Liver Oil

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PUT your documents and other valuables in a Safety Deposit Box. The cost is nominal. Any one of our managers will be pleased to give you particulars of this service.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Capital Paid Up \$20,000,000
Reserve Fund \$20,000,000

Grimsby Branch J. A. Campbell, Manager

DO YOU SELL FARM IMPLEMENTS?



"Sold \$1,000 worth of farm implements by Long Distance at a cost of 20 cents"

—written a Dealer

Distance does lend enchantment to offers made by Long Distance

Men—Women—Children

PENMANS Underwear is made in light, medium and heavy weights for men, women and children.

You can select from all weights and qualities in both two-piece and union suits.

When you choose Penmans you get Underwear of the finest quality and with a national reputation of over 50 years behind it.

Penmans Underwear is a guarantee of very fine quality—made for men, women and children.



Penmans

UNDERWEAR

SPORT

BASKETBALL

Both Grimsby teams were successful in the basketball games in Hamilton, on Friday, Nov. 20. Intermediates 39-Normal 10. Juniors 34-Delta Collegiate 12.

In both games the play was rugged in the first half, but the combination improved in the second period. All players worked well.

For the Intermediate team Gladys Barlow and Mary Philpott starred, and Marion Leach did most of the scoring for the Juniors. Her playing was sensational.

Line Up

Intermediates:—M. Philpott, G. Barlow, M. Peterson, H. McIlwain, M. Nelson, D. Clark.

Juniors:—M. Leach, E. Philpott, R. Lewis, D. Robertson, I. Hope, E. Williams, I. Scott and M. Callingham.

Hillier Wins

Bert Hillier was awarded the decision over Jack Loney Monday night, at St. Catharines, in their set to at the Armories. The fight seemed to be very even, and any advantage that Hillier had was of the hair line variety. Hillier had the advantage in the first three rounds, while Loney came back in the next three. From then on, it was a toss up between the two fighters.—St. Catharines Standard.

Horne Joins Maroons?

The following despatch appears in the Mail and Empire on Thursday last: Niagara Falls, Ont., Nov. 18.—"Shorty" Horne, who played last season with the Grimsby Intermediate team in the O.H.A., when they worked their way into the semi-finals of the Allan Cup elimination games, has gone to Montreal to join the Montreal Maroons. Horne was on the ailing list for some time, but had recovered before leaving for the east. He will not likely start in at hard work for the next couple of weeks, but by that time will start at regular workout and should be ready to take his place with the regulars at the commencement of the season. Horne was one of the best players on the Grimsby team and was the leading scorer. He can play at centre or on the wing, which will strengthen the Montreal club and give them a good substitute for Nelson Stewart, who was secured from Cleveland. He has sent word here of his arrival in Montreal.

PAID UP LIST

1. W. Hovey, Burford,	April 22, 1926
F. B. Fairbrother, Harrisburg, Pa.,	January 6, 1926
E. D. Smith, Windsor,	November 4, 1925
R. H. Fleming, Toronto,	May 6, 1926
F. J. Page, Toronto,	January 21, 1926
H. Arnold, Toronto,	October 15, 1925
G. L. Book, Grimsby East,	August 1, 1925
Hillard Gibson, Grimsby,	December 31, 1925
P. A. Wilson, Grimsby,	June 15, 1926
M. Lampman, Grimsby,	February 17, 1926
L. C. Wilde, Grimsby,	February 7, 1926
H. Candwell, Grimsby,	October 12, 1925
F. Fitzgerald, Grimsby East,	November 3, 1925
Robert Parker, Toronto,	October 25, 1925

Peterboro 4; Grimsby 1

Peterboro Seniors, defenders of the Sportman's Patriotic Association Cup, and Grimsby Peach Kings' Intermediate this holders opened their own and Hamilton's hockey season last night, in an exhibition fixture played in Percy Thompson's Arena, and for a game played when both teams showed lack of condition, the tilt proved to be of high order and the 1000 odd fans who were present went away well satisfied.

Peterboro had the edge in condition and for that reason played more consistent hockey, but there was never a minute when the Peach Kings were not real contenders and they finished the game with a ten minute burst which looked like last season's form.

Balley was the chief goal getter, scoring three of Peterboro's four goals, while Collins at centre and Dwyer, the veteran net minder were probably best for the Peterboro while Reid starred for Grimsby. It is almost impossible to place any outstanding praise to any particular players, every one showing flashes of speed and form that looks promising for two high class teams. Clark made the best lone rush of the night but was wide in his shot from inside, while Fuller's effort, when he got to Grimsby's only goal was well earned. The game was close at all times. Referee Mallin only awarding two penalties.

Peterboro	Line-Up	Grimsby
Dwyer	Goal	Fisher
Farher	Defence	McVicar
Rose	Right Wing	Foulis
Balley	Centre	Harrington
Collins	Left Wing	Kelly
Rogers	Sub	Clark
Con		Bernside
Bogardis		Farrell
		Mayhew

First Period

1. Peterboro	Balley, 4 min.
2. Peterboro	Balley 2 min.

Second Period

None

Third Period

1. Peterboro	Rose 13 min.
2. Grimsby	Foulis 3 min.
3. Peterboro	Balley 3 min.

Gerry Carson was an absentee from last night's game the management deciding it best to play without him until the air is clear of the many rumors which have been flying around of late. By next week it is hoped that the matter will be cleared up and a full report will appear in these pages.

PAID UP LIST

E. C. Mason, Hartney, Man.	September 20, 1925
P. J. Jordan, Grimsby East,	March 12, 1926
G. Waller, Hamilton,	October 20, 1925

TO MEASURE HAY

Here is a very valuable and practical method of measuring hay in the stack. Measure the length and breadth of the stack and the height from the ground to the eaves. Add to this last, half of the height from the eaves to the top of the stack. Multiply the length by the breadth and the product of this by 27. Now to find the number of cubic yards in the stack, divide by 27 and multiply this by the number of pounds in a cubic yard, namely, 122 pounds for new hay and 144 pounds for old. Now hay, on average, moisture, is really the heavier, but the old hay will be packed and packed more tightly.

Boulter's for Bargains

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR DRESSED PORK AND POULTRY!

Best of Stewing Beef, lb.	10c
Sirloin Roast Beef, lb.	23c
Prime Roll Rib Roasts, no bone, lb.	25c
Porterhouse Roast Beef (Heavy undercut) 25c	
Chuck Roast, tender and juicy, lb.	15c
SPRING LAMB	
Legs Spring Lamb, 32c	
3 lbs. up, lb.	32c
Loin of Lamb, 32c	
Trimmed, lb.	35c
Lamb Chops, lb.	21c
Frogs of Lamb, lb.	
SAUSAGE—HOME-MADE—Spiced right; per lb.	
25c	
COUNTRY-RED PORK	
Hams, half or whole, 25c	
lb.	
Picnic Hams, fresh, 19c	
well trimmed, lb.	
SIDE PORK	
Thick and lean, 25c	
lb.	

Boulter's Meat Markets

PHONE 24. We deliver daily. Phone early and enjoy our delivery service.

BECOMES MANNEQUIN TO GOTHAM MILLIONAIRES

Toronto Girl Is Highest Salaried Designer of Gowns In America—\$100,000 Salary and \$30,000 a Year from New York Shop—Dazzling Success of Miss Doris Reid—Has Relatives Here.

The following from The Toronto Star Weekly of November 14, refers to the wife of a nephew of Ed. Todd, manager of Dominion Cannery factory No. 7, Grimsby.

By Gladys E. Prewett

A Toronto girl has risen from mannequin to millionaire.

She did it by her own efforts and ability without pull or influence of any kind whatever.

She has become the highest salaried designer of women's clothing in the entire North American continent—one of the highest paid in the world.

Doris Reid, youngest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Reid of Jarvis street, Toronto, graduate of Glen Mawr school and Haverford College, has just signed a three-year contract with an internationally known firm of New York dress manufacturers.

whereby she receives an annual salary greater than that of the president of the United States of America, the prime minister of the Dominion of Canada, and the mayor of the City of Toronto combined. Aside from this magnificent salary Miss Reid gets generous expense allowances to the style centres of the world just as often as she cares to visit any of them.

She is paid one hundred thousand dollars a year, besides being permitted to carry on and personally manage her own modest shop on Forty-Eighth street which nets Miss Reid an additional sum of fifty thousand dollars, or more, every year.

Immediately following her signing on the dotted line of this contract with the Manhattan house, Miss Reid left for Paris, where she will spend the next four weeks or more absorbing atmosphere for the creation of a new line of gowns and frocks which may be the sensation of the Sunny-side sidewalk next Easter. She is recognized in Europe and on this continent as an outstanding authority on the creation and designing of misses' frocks.

With the exception of manufacturers and individuals who are themselves combinations of modiste, manufacturer and designer she is the highest paid person engaged in the making of feminine finery in the whole world.

Miss Reid's meteoric rise to world fame is but another proof of accomplishment and success following singleness of purpose and more than average determination. When but a little girl playing with others about her Jarvis street home Doris designed and created every one of the frocks and coats worn by her dollies. She even made their hats. Here were the best dressed dolls on Friday afternoons when the children were permitted to exhibit them at school. They were the envy of all other jealous young owners in the neighborhood.

Sometimes Doris assisted in the preparation of an elaborate wardrobe for some other little girl's dollies and great was the jubilation when this happy event came to pass. Many of these dolls' frocks of twenty-five years ago are treasured possessions today like an early canvas of a great painter or an original manuscript of some famous author.

Designs Screen Stars' Clothes.

At college she continued to make her own wearing apparel, not, however, for the sake of economy, because her father was a well to do financier and at that time general manager of the Standard Bank of Canada. Doris Reid made her clothing for the love of doing it. She dreamed, planned, thought and tailored frocks and dresses, gowns and suits, although she forgot all about millinery.

Miss Reid determined some day to be a great designer and for this purpose she went to New York. Had she wished to she could have lived a life of idleness and ease but she chose instead to make a niche for herself in the world of accomplishment and of fashion.

In New York she became a mannequin in the Fifth avenue establishment of Drucille, one of the most famous along that expensive boulevard. A naturally attractive figure and an indefinable something variously described as style, smartness, chic or ability, and in reality being all four, made her an overnight success as a mannequin and her services were eagerly sought by other Fifth avenue houses of first rank.

She accepted none of their offers, flattered though they were, but at the earliest opportunity Miss Reid started in business for herself. Good fortune continued to smile and followed the new venture. Soon Miss Reid's smart but tiny shop became talked of among the topmost members of New York's society. She designed gowns for Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. J. P. Whitman, and other noted social leaders. Gloria Swanson and Norma Talmadge, film stars, famed for the magnificence of their costume, had many of their frocks designed and executed by Doris Reid in preference to some selected in Paris during their trips to that city. The number of stage and screen celebrities numbered amongst this Toronto girl's clientele included practically every feminine star of note.

During her early years in business Miss Reid met John Oakley, a handsome young Canadian, brother of Mr. George Oakley, Toronto member of the Ontario legislature. Following a whirlwind romance she became his bride and after the honeymoon he retired from bond salesmanship to take up the design and creation of women's clothing, in which pursuit he, too, has been immensely successful.

Because she had largely built up her reputation as Doris Reid this successful young Canadian chose to be publicly known by her maiden name but in private life is of course Mrs. John Oakley. They have no children. Miss Reid's sister, Mrs. Roy Northcote, is also a modiste of note operating a shop in Toronto.

Finally has come to Miss Reid one hundred thousand dollars a year contract with its imminent possibilities of even greater fame and wealth. Parritz, in Rue des Champs Elysees, Deauville and the Riviera will soon hear of this Torontoniana. Even in the

THIRTY MOUNTAIN

James McCrea, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., is home over the weekend.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Walker were in Hamilton on Sunday, visiting their son, Harold.

We are sorry to hear of the death of Mrs. J. Soper, which occurred in the Hamilton hospital, Thursday, Nov. 19.

The Poppy committee of the R. W. L. is planning to show their appreciation to the girls who sold poppies for them, and then a party on Saturday night, at the home of Mrs. W. J. Reid. The evening was spent in various games, after which they all sat down to the table laden with good things to eat. The children expressing such a good time declared they would be ready for Poppy Day next year. Proceeds, \$24.11.

Mrs. Helen Hurst is on the sick list. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kemp motored to Portville, on Sunday, bringing Mrs. Kemp's parents Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carr, home with them for a short holiday.

Harold Frankland, of Niagara Falls, Ont., was visiting friends here over the weekend.

Harold Aston, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., spent Sunday at his home here.

Edith McCrea, of Hamilton, spent the weekend at her home.

Owing to the bad roads on Thursday, The Ladies Aid was not very well attended.

Ernest Hurst, Walter Woodland and Richard Morley, returned Thursday night from a two weeks hunt at Magnetawan, each heading a good big deer.

A number from here attended the surprise party given Mrs. F. Hillis, on Monday night.

Doris McCrea had the misfortune to have her thumb put out of joint while playing basket ball.

PAID UP LIST

Edith Morley, Grimsby,	March 25, 1926
Mrs. H. VanDyke, Grimsby,	October 21, 1925
W. A. Thompson, Grimsby,	June 1, 1926
J. A. Ross, Grimsby,	April 19, 1926
W. Hunter, Grimsby East,	May 22, 1926
Louis Gavet, Vincent,	March 17, 1926
T. G. Morris, Vincent,	September 5, 1925
E. A. Armstrong, Beamsville,	February 25, 1926

most rabbit action takes the heroine's seldom rise from mannequin to millionaire designer in a few years. Now do they?

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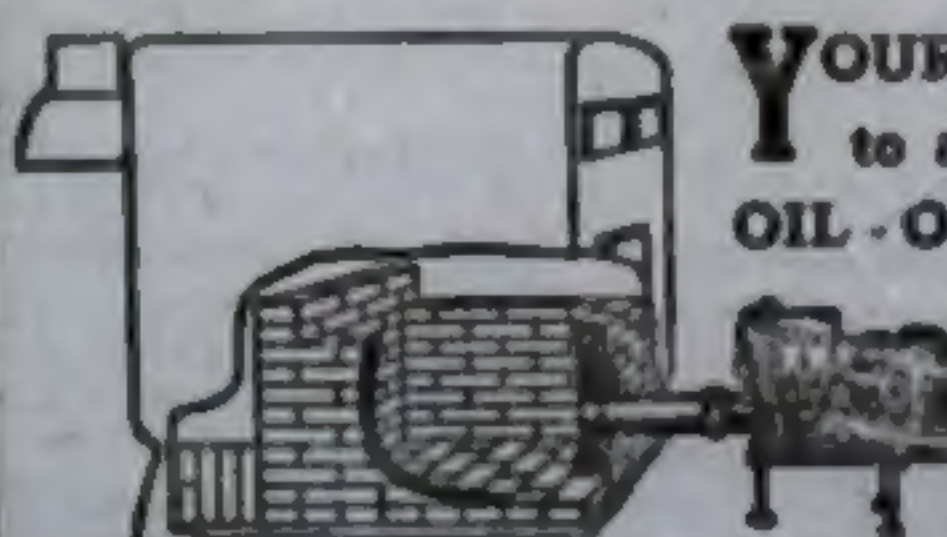
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Install
WILLIAMS

OIL-O-MATIC HEATING

and you will never again awaken in a cold house.



YOUR family is entitled to all the comforts of OIL-O-MATIC, NOW.

Why deprive them of this convenient, clean, healthful, modern method of heating by waiting another year, or until you have burned the few tons of coal you now have on hand?

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OPENING HOCKEY GAME

— AT —

Grimsby Arena

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1st, 8 p.m.

Stratford Indians vs. Grimsby Peach Kings

(1924-25 O. H. A. Intermediate Champions)

Come and See the Boys who made Grimsby Famous!

ADMISSION:

Centre Section 75c, Balance 50c, Children, 25c

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AT 3 P.M. AND 8 P.M.

GOOD MUSIC — GOOD ICE

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NO CHANGE IN PRICES